The Microcosm Principle and Concurrency in Coalgebras

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Concurrency

• is about **parallel composition C || D**

- running **C** and **D** at the same time
- with communication/synchronization between C and D

o is everywhere

- computer networks
- multi-core processors



 $\mathscr{B}(a)$

Picture by

Bocchi, Fiadeiro, Lopes

o is hard to get right

- e.g. so easy to get into *deadlocks*
- cf. Edward Lee. Making Concurrency Mainstream.
 Invited talk at CONCUR 2006.
 http://ptolemy.eecs.berkeley.edu/presentations/main.htm

Compositionality

Behavior of C || D

is determined by

behavior of C and behavior of D

Enables *compositional* verification of complex systems
Conventional presentation:

$C \sim C', \quad D \sim D' \quad \Rightarrow \quad C \parallel D \sim C' \parallel D'$

- ~: process/observational/behavioral equivalence
 - o bisimilarity, trace equivalence, etc.
- "bisimilarity is a congruence"

Compositionality in coalgebras

• Final coalgebra semantics as $FX \xrightarrow{FZ}$ "process semantics". $FX \xrightarrow{FZ}$ $\stackrel{C|}{\cong}$ $\stackrel{FZ}{\cong}$

o "Coalgebraic compositionality"

$$\mathsf{beh}egin{pmatrix} FX & FY \ c^{\uparrow} & d^{\uparrow} \ X \end{pmatrix} &= \mathsf{beh}egin{pmatrix} FX \ c^{\uparrow} \ X \end{pmatrix} &\mathsf{beh}egin{pmatrix} FY \ d^{\uparrow} \ Y \end{pmatrix}$$

Two different || ! II: Coalg_F x Coalg_F → Coalg_F on coalgebras II: Z x Z → Z on states



 $\begin{array}{cccc} \operatorname{Coalg}_{F} &\times & \operatorname{Coalg}_{F} & \stackrel{\|}{\longrightarrow} & \operatorname{Coalg}_{F} & \begin{pmatrix} WIII \\ & \\ & \\ Z & & \\ & Z & \stackrel{\|}{\longrightarrow} & Z & \begin{pmatrix} FZ \\ \cong \hat{f} & \\ & Z & \end{pmatrix} \in \operatorname{Coalg}_{F} \end{array}$

with

The same "algebraic structure"

- operations (binary ||)
- equations (e.g. associativity of ||)
- o is carried by
 - the category Coalg_F and
 - its object $Z \in Coalg_{F}$

in a nested manner!

"Microcosm principle" (Baez & Dolan)

Microcosm in macrocosm



The microcosm principle

You may have seen it

• "a monoid is in a monoidal category"

monoidal cat. C		monoid $M\in\mathbb{C}$
$\otimes:\mathbb{C}\times\mathbb{C}\to\mathbb{C}$	mult.	$M\otimes M\stackrel{m}{ ightarrow}M$
$I \in \mathbb{C}$	unit	$I \stackrel{e}{ ightarrow} M$
$I\otimes X\cong X\cong X\otimes I$	unit law	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
$(X\otimes Y)\otimes Z\cong X\otimes (Y\otimes Z)$	assoc. law	$ig egin{array}{ccc} M \otimes M \otimes M \longrightarrow M \otimes M \ & ig \ M \otimes M \longrightarrow M \ & ig \ M \otimes M \longrightarrow M \end{array}$

• Notice:

• The "inner" structure depends on the "outer" one

• We identify (probably) the first CS example

Formalizing the microcosm principle

What do we mean exactly by the "microcosm principle"?

- When a category *L* presents an algebraic theory Ο (Lawvere theory),
- o Its (set-theoretic) model is





How about a **<u>nested model</u>** as in the microcosm principle? Ο → Our answer: a lax natural transformation



Outline

- Microcosm principle for concurrency (and
 - and essentially arise from
 "synchronization" natural transformation

 $\mathsf{sync}: FX \otimes FY \to F(X \otimes Y)$

- The microcosm principle syntactically
 - Algebraic structure is syntactically presented as (Σ, E)
 - ... (Ana can tell you more!)
- <u>The microcosm principle 2-categorically</u>
 - (Common) alg. str. is presented by a *Lawvere theory*
 - Applications:
 - o generic compositionality theorem
 - o generic soundness theorem



Part I: Parallel composition of coalg. via sync nat. trans.

Parallel composition of coalgebras



- || : bifunctor $\operatorname{Coalg}_F \times \operatorname{Coalg}_F \rightarrow \operatorname{Coalg}_F$ → usually denoted by ⊗ (tensor)
- o <u>Theorem</u> If
 - the base category **C** has associative tensor

 \otimes : C x C \rightarrow C

- and $F: \mathbf{C} \rightarrow \mathbf{C}$ comes with natural transformation
 - $\operatorname{sync}_{X,Y}$: $FX \otimes FY \rightarrow F(X \otimes Y)$
- then we have \otimes : Coalg_F x Coalg_F \rightarrow Coalg_F

Parallel composition arises from **sync**

Parallel composition of coalgebras



Different sync yield different (8)

Examples of **sync** : $FX \otimes FY \rightarrow F(X \otimes Y)$

 $C = Sets, F = P_{fin}(\Sigma \times _)$ for LTS Cartesian product as \otimes

 \circ <u>CSP-style</u> (Hoare) $a.P \parallel a.Q \xrightarrow{a} P \parallel Q$

$$egin{aligned} \mathcal{P}_{ ext{fin.}}(\Sigma imes X) imes \mathcal{P}_{ ext{fin.}}(\Sigma imes Y) & \stackrel{ ext{sync}_{X,Y}}{\longrightarrow} & \mathcal{P}_{ ext{fin.}}ig(\Sigma imes (X imes Y)ig) \ (S,T) & \longmapsto & ig\{ (a,(x,y)) \mid (a,x) \in S \land (a,y) \in T ig\} \end{aligned}$$

 $\circ \underline{\text{CCS-style}} \text{ (Milner)} \quad a.P \parallel \overline{a}.Q \xrightarrow{\tau} P \parallel Q \\ \text{Assuming} \quad \Sigma = \{a, a', \dots\} + \{\overline{a}, \overline{a'}, \dots\} + \{\tau\}$

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \mathcal{P}_{\mathrm{fin.}}(\Sigma \times X) \times \mathcal{P}_{\mathrm{fin.}}(\Sigma \times Y) & \stackrel{\mathrm{sync}_{X,Y}}{\longrightarrow} & \mathcal{P}_{\mathrm{fin.}}(\Sigma \times (X \times Y)) \\ & (S,T) & \longmapsto & \big\{ \left(\tau, (x,y)\right) \ | \ (a,x) \in S \ \land \ (\overline{a},y) \in T \, \big\} \end{array}$

Compositionality result

0

Compositionality result

• <u>Theorem</u> Given that



- F has $sync_{X,Y}$: $FX \otimes FY \rightarrow F(X \otimes Y)$
- there is a final coalgebra $Z \rightarrow FZ$

we have *compositionality*

$$\mathsf{beh}egin{pmatrix} FX & FY \ c^{\uparrow}_{\uparrow} & \otimes d^{\uparrow}_{\uparrow} \ X & Y \end{pmatrix} \quad = \quad \mathsf{beh}egin{pmatrix} FX \ c^{\uparrow}_{\uparrow} \ X \end{pmatrix} ightharpoon \mathsf{beh}egin{pmatrix} FY \ d^{\uparrow}_{\uparrow} \ Y \end{pmatrix}$$

- "Compositionality for free"
- It follows: $C \sim C', D \sim D' \rightarrow C \parallel D \sim C' \parallel D'$
- <u>Proof</u> By finality
- We shall generalize this to an *arbitrary* (single-sorted) algebraic theory

Part II: 2-categorical formulation of the microcosm principle

Microcosm principle (Baez & Dolan)

• The same algebraic theory

 \circ interpreted both on **C** and on $X \in \mathbf{C}$

- C : outer model
- X ∈ C : *inner* model

o Examples:

- monoid in a monoidal category
- final coalgebra in Coalg_F with ⊗

What is microcosm principle, mathematically?

Setting

- 2-categorical
 - 2-categories: categories in categories
 - suitable for microcosm structures, i.e. algebras in algebras



Categorical presentation of an algebraic specification/theory

<u>Definition</u>

A *Lawvere theory L* is a small category s.t.

- *L*'s objects are natural numbers
- *L* has finite products



Models for Lawvere theory

 Cf. A <u>(set-theoretic) model</u> is a FP-preserving functor





- A set with **L**-structure
- "Functorial semantics"
- How about the microcosm principle:
 L-algebraic structures on
 - C: outer model
 - *X* ∈ **C** : *inner* model

Outer model: *L*-category

Outer model =
 a <u>category</u> with L-structure → "L-category"

• *L*-category: an FP-preserving functor



In fact, a *pseudo-*functor (equations are up-to-iso)

Inner model: L-object

Definition





Generic compositionality result

<u>Theorem</u>Given that

• **C** is an **L**-category

• $F: \mathbf{C} \rightarrow \mathbf{C}$ is a lax *L*-functor

there is a final coalgebra $Z \rightarrow FZ$

the functor



is a (strict) *L*-functor.

• This subsumes the previous compositionality result $\begin{array}{c|c} \mathsf{beh}\begin{pmatrix}FX & FY\\ c^{\uparrow} & \boxtimes d^{\uparrow}\\ X & Y\end{pmatrix} &= \begin{array}{c|c} \mathsf{beh}\begin{pmatrix}FX\\ c^{\uparrow}\\ X\end{pmatrix} & \operatorname{beh}\begin{pmatrix}FY\\ d^{\uparrow}\\ Y\end{pmatrix}\end{array}$

Related work: bialgebras

- Related to the study of *bialgebraic structures* [Turi-Plotkin, Bartels, Klin, ...]
 - Algebraic structures on coalgebras

• In the current work:

- Equations, not only operations, are also an integral part
- Algebraic structures are *nested*, *higherdimensional*

Conclusion



Concurrency in coalgebras as a CS example

• Preprint available: http://www.cs.ru.nl/~ichiro

Thank you for your attention!

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http://www.cs.ru.nl/~ichiro

Behavior by coinduction: example



- in Sets: *bisimilarity*
- in certain Kleisli categories: trace equivalence [Hasuo,Jacobs,Sokolova,CMCS'06]

Examples of sync : $FX \otimes FY \rightarrow F(X \otimes Y)$

O Note:

Asynchronous/interleaving compositions don't fit in this framework

• such as $a.P \parallel Q \xrightarrow{a} P \parallel Q$

We have to use, instead of *F*,
 the *cofree comonad* on *F*

Lawvere theory

• Presentation of an algebraic theory as a category:

• <u>objects</u>: 0, 1, 2, 3, ... "*arities*" • <u>arrows</u>: "*terms* (in a context)" 2 $\xrightarrow{\pi_1}{\pi_2}$ 1 2 $\xrightarrow{x_1, x_2 \vdash x_1}$ projections 2 \xrightarrow{m} 1 2 $\xrightarrow{x_1, x_2 \vdash x_2}$ 1 operation 3 $\xrightarrow{m(m(\pi_1, \pi_2), \pi_3)}$ 1 3 $\xrightarrow{x_1, x_2, x_3 \vdash m(m(x_1, x_2), x_3)}$ 1 composed term

<u>commuting diagrams</u> are understood as "equations"



arises from

o (single-sorted) algebraic specification (Σ , E) as the syntactic category

o FP-sketch

Outline

• In a coalgebraic study of *concurrency*,

• *Nested* algebraic structures

- on a category C and
- on an **object** $X \in \mathbf{C}$

arise naturally (microcosm principle)

- Our contributions:
 - Syntactic formalization of microcosm principle
 - 2-categorical formalization with Lawvere theories
 - Application to coalgebras:
 - o generic compositionality theorem

Generic soundness result

A Lawvere theory *L* is for

- operations, and
- *equations* (e.g. associativity, commutativity)
- **Coalg**_{*F*} is an *L*-category
 - ➔ Parallel composition ⊗ is automatically <u>associative</u> (for example)
 - Ultimately, this is due to the *coherence condition* on the lax *L*-functor *F*
- **Possible application** :

Study of *syntactic formats* that ensure associativity/commutativity (future work)