

Term Evaluation Systems with Refinements

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Two kinds of rewriting in functional programming

evaluation	refinement
run-time rewriting	compile-time rewriting
beta-reduction $E[(\lambda x . t) v] \rightarrow E[t\{v/x\}]$	beta-law $C[(\lambda x . t) v] \Rightarrow C[t\{v/x\}]$ eta-law $C[\lambda x . v x] \Rightarrow C[v]$

Two kinds of rewriting in functional programming

- with different roles:

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run-time rewriting	compile-time rewriting
beta-reduction $E[(\lambda x . t) v] \rightarrow E[t\{v/x\}]$	beta-law $C[(\lambda x . t) v] \Rightarrow C[t\{v/x\}]$ eta-law $C[\lambda x . v x] \Rightarrow C[v]$
specification of <i>operational semantics</i>	model of <i>optimisation</i> to be validated wrt. evaluation


Validation of refinement \Rightarrow wrt. evaluation \rightarrow

- by proving *contextual improvement* [Sands '96]
 - “two terms t, u have the same result, and u requires *fewer steps* than t ”
 - $t \leq u \stackrel{\Delta}{\iff} \forall C, v, v'. \text{ if } C[t] \rightarrow^k v \text{ then } C[u] \rightarrow^m v' \wedge v =_{Val} v' \wedge k \geq m$

$$\lambda x . t =_{Val} \lambda x' . t'$$
$$\underline{n} =_{Val} \underline{n}$$

- namely, by proving: refinement $t \Rightarrow u$ implies contextual improvement $t \leq u$
 - our goal: develop a proof methodology


Our goal

- develop a proof methodology
 - to validate refinement \Rightarrow wrt. evaluation \rightarrow
 - to establish: refinement \Rightarrow implies contextual improvement \leq
- by a *rewriting-theoretic* approach 
 - exploiting critical pair analysis
 - in the hope of (partial) automation
 - by *rewriting-theoretic* modelling of both refinement \Rightarrow and evaluation \rightarrow



contribution 2

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contribution 2

Modelling evaluation \rightarrow and refinement \Rightarrow

- being aware of different rewriting-theoretic properties!

evaluation	refinement
run-time rewriting	compile-time rewriting
beta-reduction $E[(\lambda x . t) v] \rightarrow E[t\{v/x\}]$	beta-law $C[(\lambda x . t) v] \Rightarrow C[t\{v/x\}]$ eta-law $C[\lambda x . v x] \Rightarrow C[v]$
rule-based rewriting	rule-based rewriting
restricted by <i>evaluation contexts</i> [Felleisen '88]	unrestricted

new kind of rewriting

general, standard, rewriting

Modelling evaluation \rightarrow and refinement \Rightarrow

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$\frac{(l \rightarrow r) \in \mathcal{E} \quad E \in Ectx}{E[l\theta] \rightarrow_{\mathcal{E}} E[r\theta]}$	$\frac{(l \Rightarrow r) \in \mathcal{R} \quad C \in Ctx}{C[l\theta] \Rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} C[r\theta]}$

new kind of rewriting

general, standard, rewriting

Modelling evaluation \rightarrow and refinement \Rightarrow : an example

- being aware of different rewriting-theoretic properties!

evaluation	refinement
<p>the left-to-right call-by-value λ-calculus</p> <p> $t ::= x \mid \lambda x . t \mid t @ t$ $v \in Val ::= \lambda x . t$ $E \in Ectx ::= \square \mid E @ t \mid v @ E$ $\mathcal{E} = \{(\lambda x . t) @ v \rightarrow t\{v/x\}\}$ </p>	<p> $C \in Ctx ::= \square \mid \lambda x . C \mid E @ t \mid t @ E$ $\mathcal{R} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (\lambda x . t) @ v \Rightarrow t\{v/x\}, \\ \lambda x . v @ x \Rightarrow v \end{array} \right\}$ </p>
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terms

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evaluation contexts

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evaluation rules

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(arbitrary) contexts

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refinement rules

Term Evaluation and Refinement Systems (TERS)

Def. A TERS $(\Sigma, \mathcal{E}, \mathcal{R}, Ectx, SClass)$ is given by:

- a signature Σ
- a set \mathcal{E} of evaluation rules $l \rightarrow r$
- a set \mathcal{R} of refinement rules $l \Rightarrow r$
- a set $Ectx \subseteq Ctx$ of evaluation contexts
- a set $SClass$ of syntax classes including $Val \subseteq NF(\rightarrow_{\mathcal{E}})$

$$\frac{(l \rightarrow r) \in \mathcal{E} \quad E \in Ectx}{E[l\theta] \rightarrow_{\mathcal{E}} E[r\theta]}$$

$$\frac{(l \Rightarrow r) \in \mathcal{R} \quad C \in Ctx}{C[l\theta] \Rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} C[r\theta]}$$

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Ex. A TERS **CBV** λ for the left-to-right call-by-value λ -calculus

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- evaluation contexts $E \in Ectx ::= \square \mid E @ t \mid v @ E$
- a set $SClass$ of syntax classes including $Val = \{\lambda x . t\} \subseteq \text{NF}(\rightarrow_{\mathcal{E}})$

$$\frac{(l \rightarrow r) \in \mathcal{E} \quad E \in Ectx}{E[l\theta] \rightarrow_{\mathcal{E}} E[r\theta]}$$

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Term Evaluation and Refinement Systems (TERS)

Ex. A TERS **Hndl** for a λ -calculus with effect handlers [Pretnar '15]

Syntax class *Sclass*

functions $F ::= x \mid \text{fun}(x.P)$

values $V ::= \text{true} \mid \text{false} \mid F \mid H$

handlers $H ::= \text{handler}_1(x.P, x.k.P_1) \mid \text{handler}_0(x.P)$

computations $P, P_1, P_2 ::= \text{return}(V) \mid \text{op}(V, y.P) \mid \text{do}(P_1, x.P_2)$
 $\mid \text{if}(V, P_1, P_2) \mid F V \mid \text{with_handle}(H, P)$

Evaluation contexts *Ectx* $E ::= \square \mid \text{do}(E, x.P) \mid \text{with_handle}(H, E)$

Evaluation rules \mathcal{E} where $i \in [2]$

$\text{do}(\text{return}(V), x.P[x]) \rightarrow P[V]$ (1)

$\text{do}(\text{op}_i(V, y.P_1[y]), x.P_2[x]) \rightarrow \text{op}_i(V, y.\text{do}(P_1[y], x.P_2[x]))$ (2)

$\text{if}(\text{true}, P_1, P_2) \rightarrow P_1$ (3)

$\text{if}(\text{false}, P_1, P_2) \rightarrow P_2$ (4)

$\text{fun}(x.P[x]) V \rightarrow P[V]$ (5)

In the following three rules, $h_1 \equiv \text{handler}_1(x.P[x], x.k.P_1[x, k])$.

$\text{with_handle}(h_1, \text{return}(V)) \rightarrow P[V]$ (6)

$\text{with_handle}(h_1, \text{op}_1(V, y.P'[y])) \rightarrow P_1[V, \text{fun}(y.P'[y])]$ (7)

$\text{with_handle}(h_1, \text{op}_1(V, y.P'[y])) \rightarrow P_1[V, \text{fun}(y.\text{with_handle}(h_1, P'[y]))]$ (7')

$\text{with_handle}(h_1, \text{op}_2(V, y.P'[y])) \rightarrow \text{op}_2(V, y.\text{with_handle}(h_1, P'[y]))$ (8)

In the following two rules, $h_0 \equiv \text{handler}_0(x.P[x])$.

$\text{with_handle}(h_0, \text{return}(V)) \rightarrow P[V]$ (9)

$\text{with_handle}(h_0, \text{op}_i(V, y.P'[y])) \rightarrow \text{op}_i(V, y.\text{with_handle}(h_0, P'[y]))$ (10)

Refinement rules \mathcal{R}

$\text{do}(P, x.\text{return}(x)) \Rightarrow P$ (r3)



$\text{do}(\text{do}(P_1, x_1.P_2[x_1]), x_2.P_3[x_2]) \Rightarrow \text{do}(P_1, x_1.\text{do}(P_2[x_1], x_2.P_3[x_2]))$ (r4)

$\text{if}(V, P[\text{true}], P[\text{false}]) \Rightarrow P[V]$ (r7)


$\text{fun}(x.F x) \Rightarrow F$ (r9)

$\text{with_handle}(\text{handler}_0(x.P[x]), P') \Rightarrow \text{do}(P', x.P[x])$ (r13)

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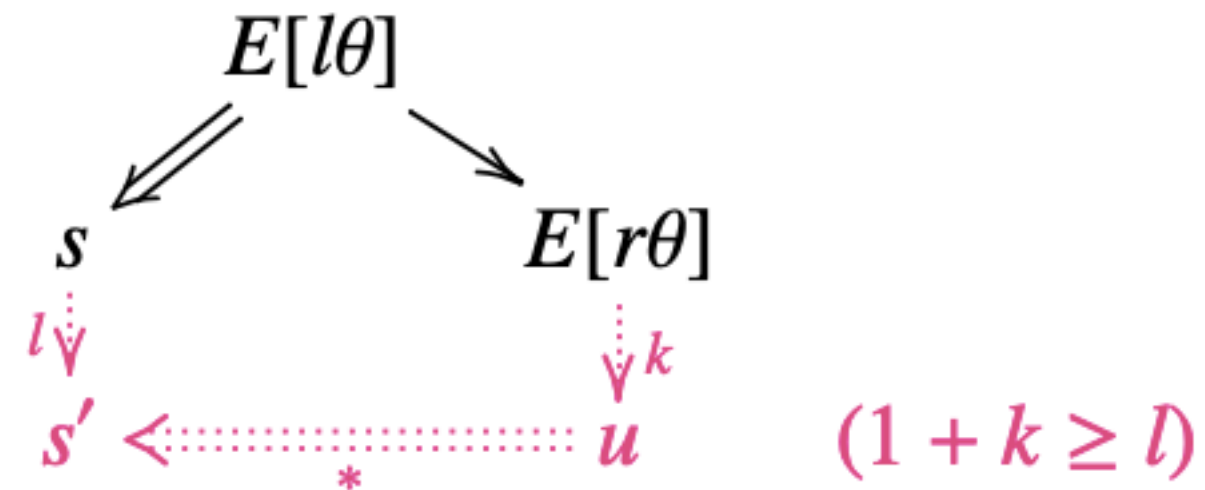
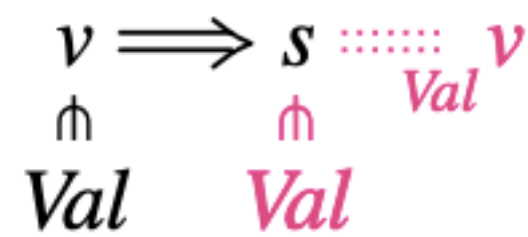
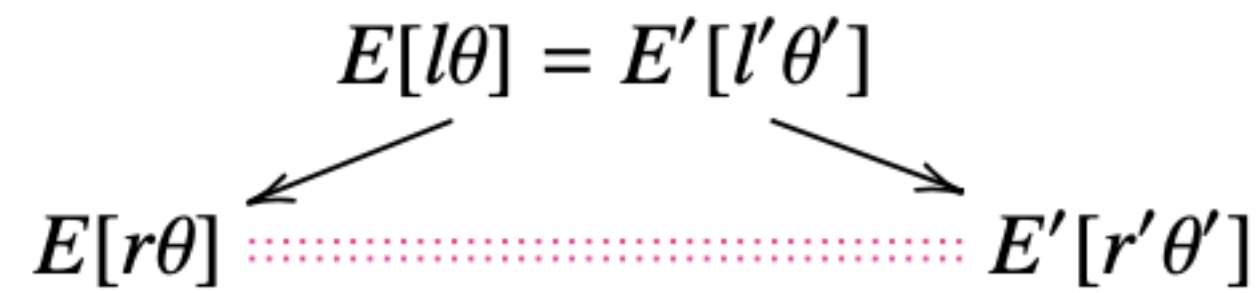
contribution 2

Sufficient conditions for contextual improvement \leq

Thm. (sufficient conditions for improvement)

If a TERS is

- *deterministic*
- *value-invariant*
- *locally coherent,*



akin to *local coherence*
for equational rewriting
[Huet '80] [Aoto & Toyama '12]

then refinement \mathcal{R} is *contextual improvement* w.r.t. evaluation \mathcal{E}

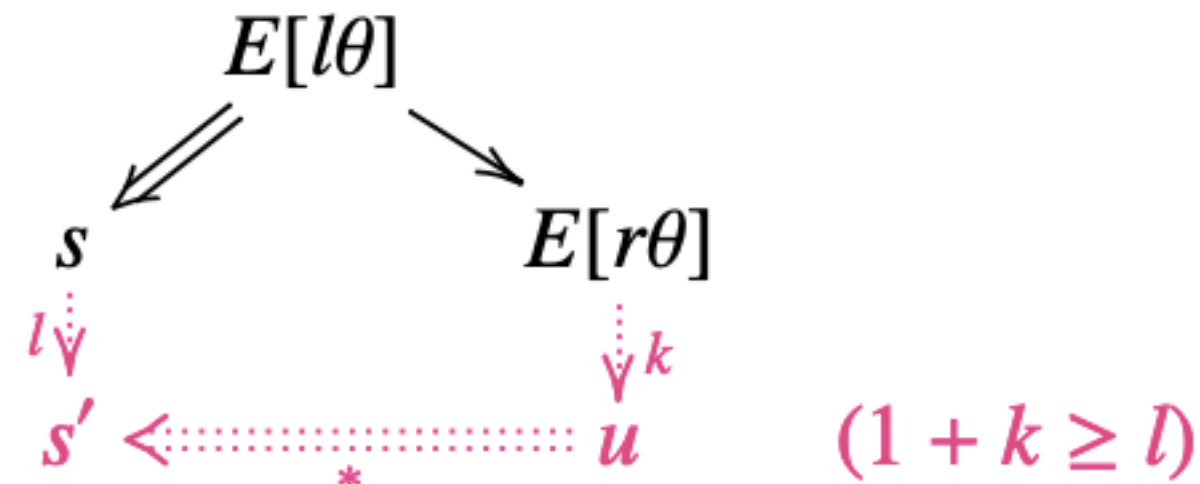
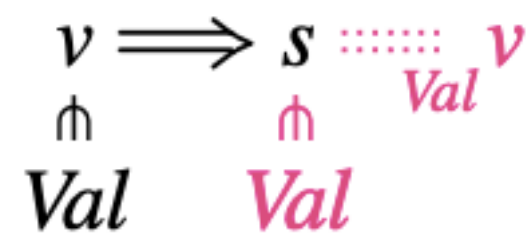
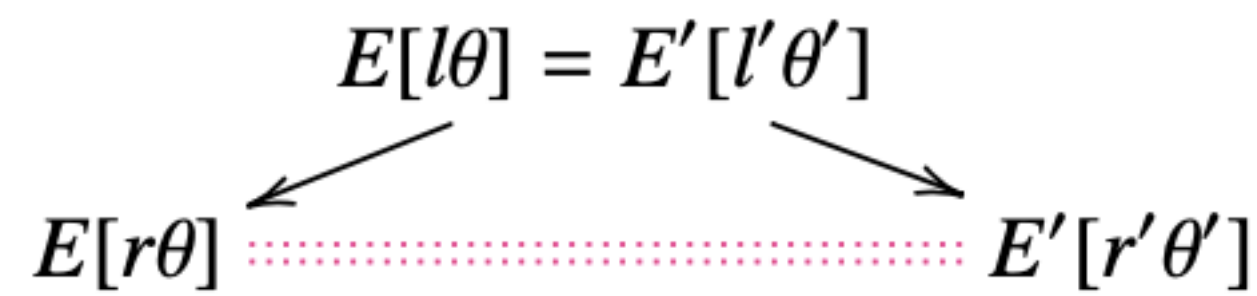
(i.e. $t \leq u$ for each $t \Rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} u$)

Sufficient conditions for contextual improvement \leq

Thm. (sufficient conditions for improvement)

If a TERS is

- *deterministic*
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feasible
pen-and-paper
proof

tedious, error-prone,
case analysis
where *critical pair analysis* can
help!

then refinement \mathcal{R} is *contextual improvement* w.r.t. evaluation \mathcal{E}

(i.e. $t \leq u$ for each $t \Rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} u$)

Sufficient conditions for contextual improvement \leq

Thm. (critical pair theorem)

A well-behaved TERS

- refinement respecting evaluation contexts
$$\begin{array}{ccc} E & \Longrightarrow & C \\ \Downarrow & & \Downarrow \\ Ectx & & Ectx \end{array}$$
- linearity for $(l \Rightarrow r) \in \mathcal{R}$
- left-linearity for $(l \rightarrow r) \in \mathcal{E}$
- lhs l being Miller's HO pattern for $(l \multimap r) \in \mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{E}$
- ...

is *locally coherent* iff every critical pair is *joinable*.

feasible
pen-and-paper
proof

automated
enumeration &
joinability check

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- a set $SClass$ of syntax classes including $Val = \{\lambda x . t\} \subseteq NF(\rightarrow_{\mathcal{E}})$

Prop. For the TERS **CBV** λ , refinement \mathcal{R} is contextual improvement \leq .

- ✓ determinism
- ✓ value-invariance
- ✓ local coherence
 - ✓ well-behavedness
 - ✓ 2 critical pairs joinable

automatically
enumerated & checked

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$\text{fun}(x.P[x]) \ V \rightarrow P[V]$ (5)

In the following three rules, $h_1 \equiv \text{handler}_1(x.P[x], x.k.P_1[x, k])$.

$\text{with_handle}(h_1, \text{return}(V)) \rightarrow P[V]$ (6)

$\text{with_handle}(h_1, \text{op}_1(V, y.P'[y])) \rightarrow P_1[V, \text{fun}(y.P'[y])]$ (7)

$\text{with_handle}(h_1, \text{op}_1(V, y.P'[y])) \rightarrow P_1[V, \text{fun}(y.\text{with_handle}(h_1, P'[y]))]$ (7')

$\text{with_handle}(h_1, \text{op}_2(V, y.P'[y])) \rightarrow \text{op}_2(V, y.\text{with_handle}(h_1, P'[y]))$ (8)

In the following two rules, $h_0 \equiv \text{handler}_0(x.P[x])$.

$\text{with_handle}(h_0, \text{return}(V)) \rightarrow P[V]$ (9)

$\text{with_handle}(h_0, \text{op}_i(V, y.P'[y])) \rightarrow \text{op}_i(V, y.\text{with_handle}(h_0, P'[y]))$ (10)

Refinement rules \mathcal{R}

$\text{do}(P, x.\text{return}(x)) \Rightarrow P$ (r3)

$\text{do}(\text{do}(P_1, x_1.P_2[x_1]), x_2.P_3[x_2]) \Rightarrow \text{do}(P_1, x_1.\text{do}(P_2[x_1], x_2.P_3[x_2]))$ (r4)

$\text{if}(V, P[\text{true}], P[\text{false}]) \Rightarrow P[V]$ (r7)

$\text{fun}(x.F \ x) \Rightarrow F$ (r9)

$\text{with_handle}(\text{handler}_0(x.P[x]), P') \Rightarrow \text{do}(P', x.P[x])$ (r13)

Prop. For the TERS **Hndl**,

refinement \mathcal{R} is

contextual improvement \leq .

✓ determinism

✓ value-invariance

✓ local coherence

✓ well-behavedness

✓ 10 critical pairs joinable

automatically enumerated & checked

Overview

evaluation	refinement
run-time rewriting	compile-time rewriting
specification of operational semantics	model of optimisation to be validated wrt. evaluation
$\frac{(l \rightarrow r) \in \mathcal{E} \quad E \in Ectx}{E[l\theta] \rightarrow_{\mathcal{E}} E[r\theta]}$	$\frac{(l \Rightarrow r) \in \mathcal{R} \quad C \in Ctx}{C[l\theta] \Rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} C[r\theta]}$

formalise Term
Evaluation and
Refinement Systems
(TERS)
($\Sigma, \mathcal{E}, \mathcal{R}, Ectx, SClass$)

Overview

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- formally, *contextual improvement*
- develop a proof methodology centred around critical pair analysis