

Towards concept analysis  
in categories:

limit inferior as algebra,  
limit superior as coalgebra

**Toshiki Kataoka**

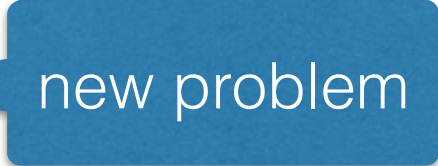
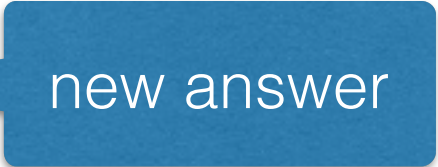
The University of Tokyo,  
JSPS Research Fellow

&

Dusko Pavlovic

University of Hawaii at Manoa

# Overview

- Concept analysis
  - Concept analysis *in categories*  new problem
- Dedekind–MacNeille completion
  - Generalizations of Dedekind–MacNeille completion
  - Bicompletions *of categories*  new answer

# Concept Analysis

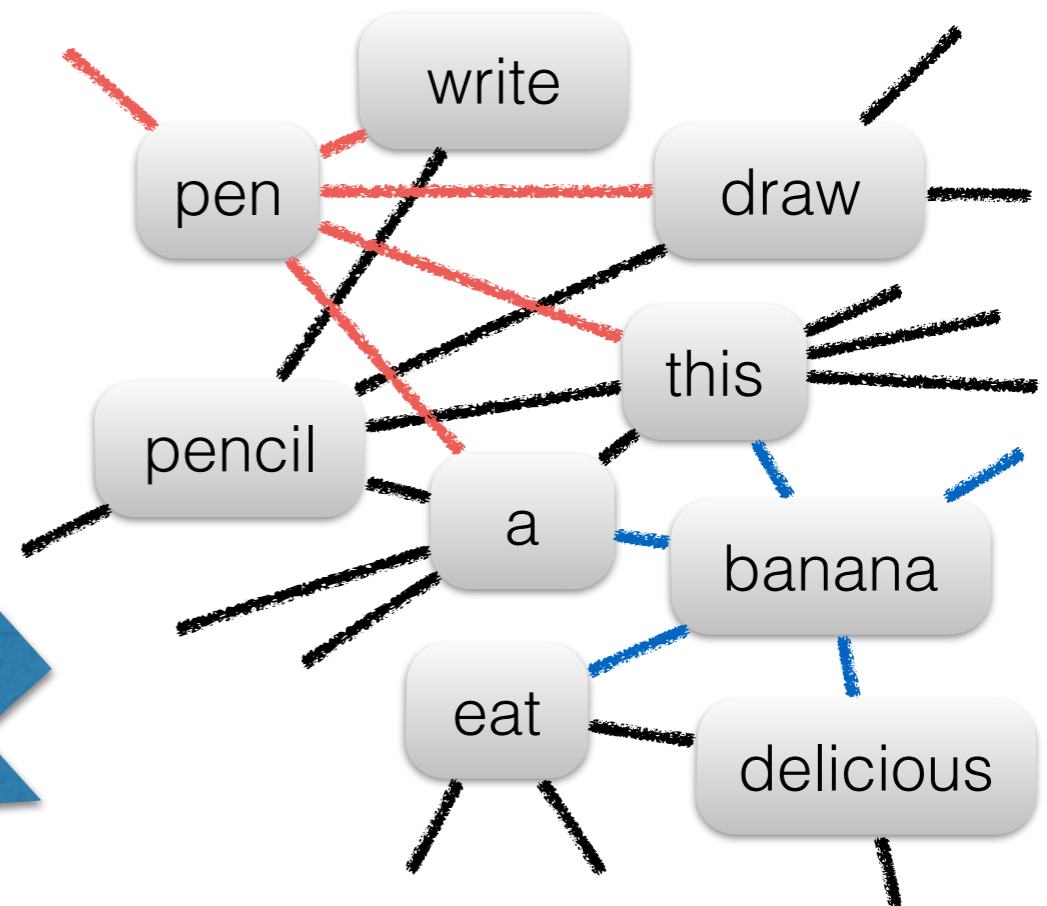
(or, knowledge acquisition,  
semantic indexing,  
data mining)

# Example: Text Analysis

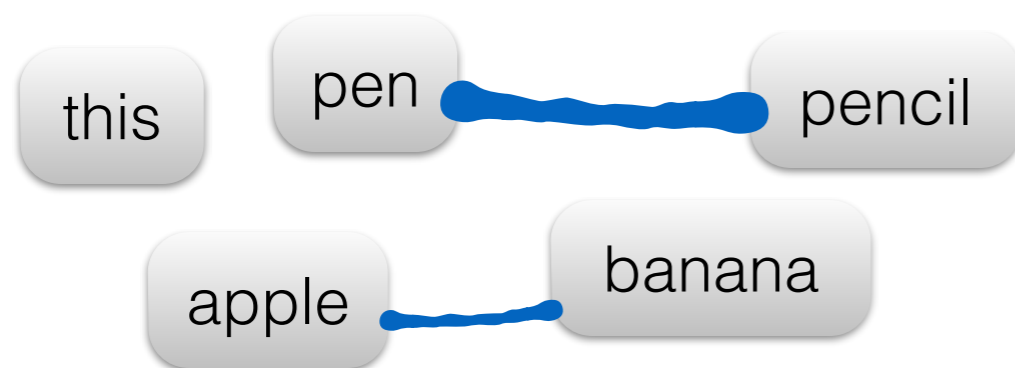
## Corpus

This is a pen. Is that a pen?  
...

## Co-occurrence



## Proximity among words

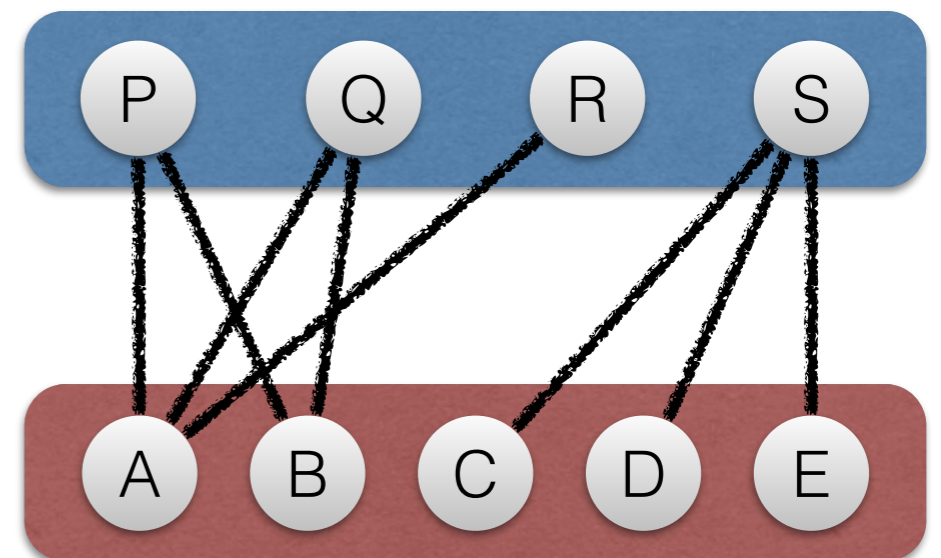


# Concept Analysis

- Given data in a **matrix** 

- Extract information as **vectors** 

|       | P | Q | R | S |
|-------|---|---|---|---|
| Alice | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |   |
| Bob   | ✓ | ✓ |   |   |
| Carol |   |   |   | ✓ |
| Dan   |   |   |   | ✓ |
| Eve   |   |   |   | ✓ |



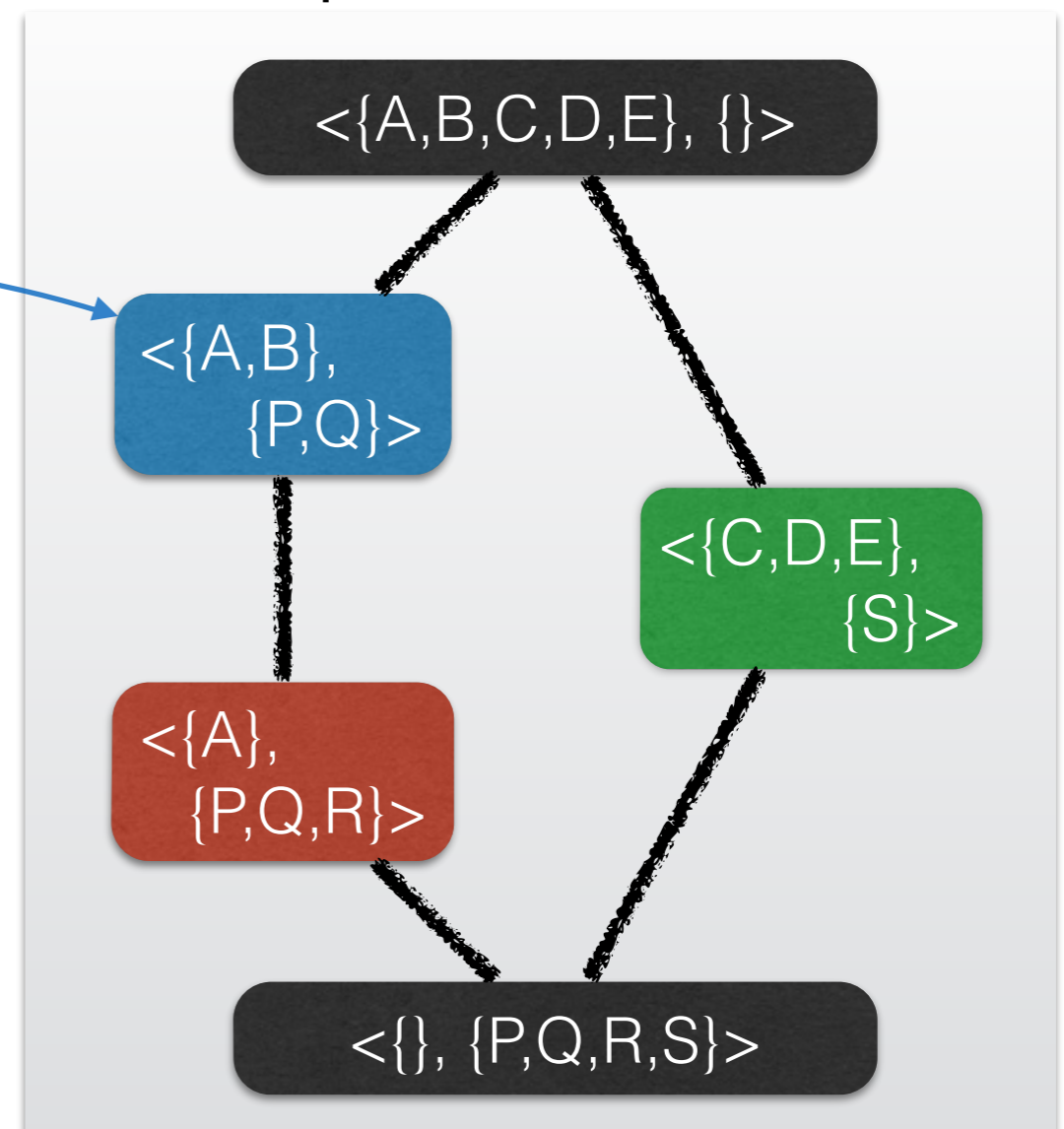
# Formal Concept Analysis

[Wille, 1982]

- Preordered

|       | P | Q | R | S |
|-------|---|---|---|---|
| Alice | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |   |
| Bob   | ✓ | ✓ |   |   |
| Carol |   |   |   | ✓ |
| Dan   |   |   |   | ✓ |
| Eve   |   |   |   | ✓ |

Concept lattice



# Latent Semantic Analysis

## (Principal Component Analysis)

- Linear algebraic

|              | <b>1</b><br><b>P</b> | <b>2</b><br><b>Q</b> | <b>1</b><br><b>R</b> | <b>0</b><br><b>S</b> |
|--------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| <b>Alice</b> | ★★                   | ★★★★                 | ★★★★★                |                      |
| <b>Bob</b>   | ★★                   | ★★★<br>★★★★          |                      |                      |
| <b>Carol</b> |                      |                      |                      | ★★<br>★★★★           |
| <b>Dan</b>   |                      |                      |                      | ★★★★★                |
| <b>Eve</b>   |                      |                      |                      | ★                    |

$$M = \frac{1}{5} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & 4 & 0 \\ 2 & 5 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^\dagger$$



$$M = U\Sigma V^\dagger$$

where

$$U = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{2}{\sqrt{6}} & 0 & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} & 0 & \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Sigma = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{48}}{5} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{\sqrt{42}}{5} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{\sqrt{10}}{5} \end{pmatrix}$$

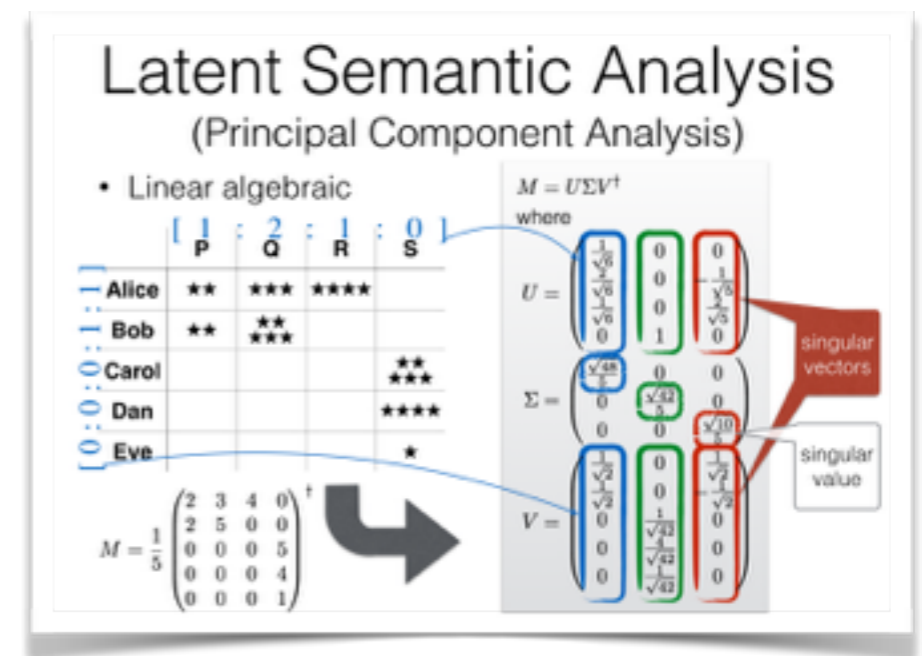
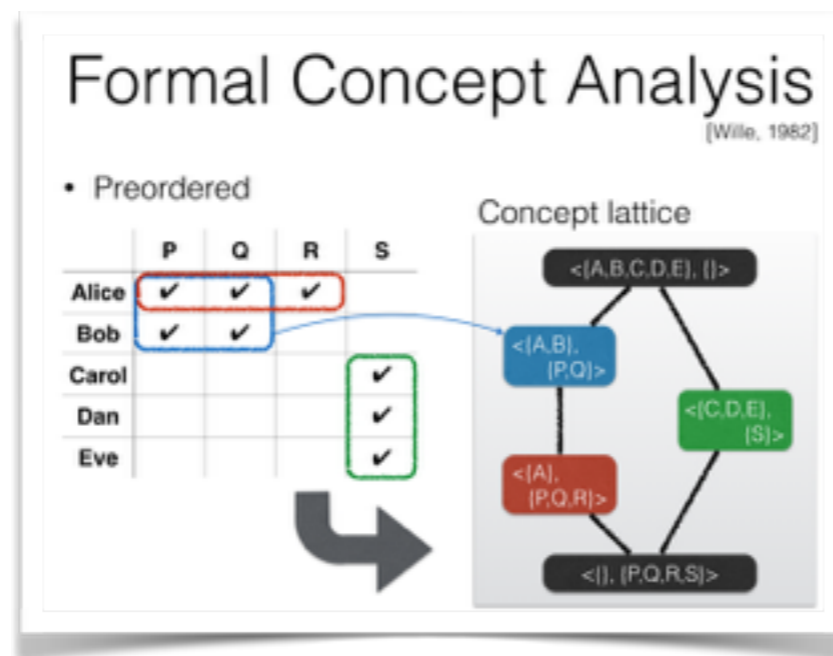
$$V = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{42}} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{4}{\sqrt{42}} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{42}} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

singular vectors

singular value

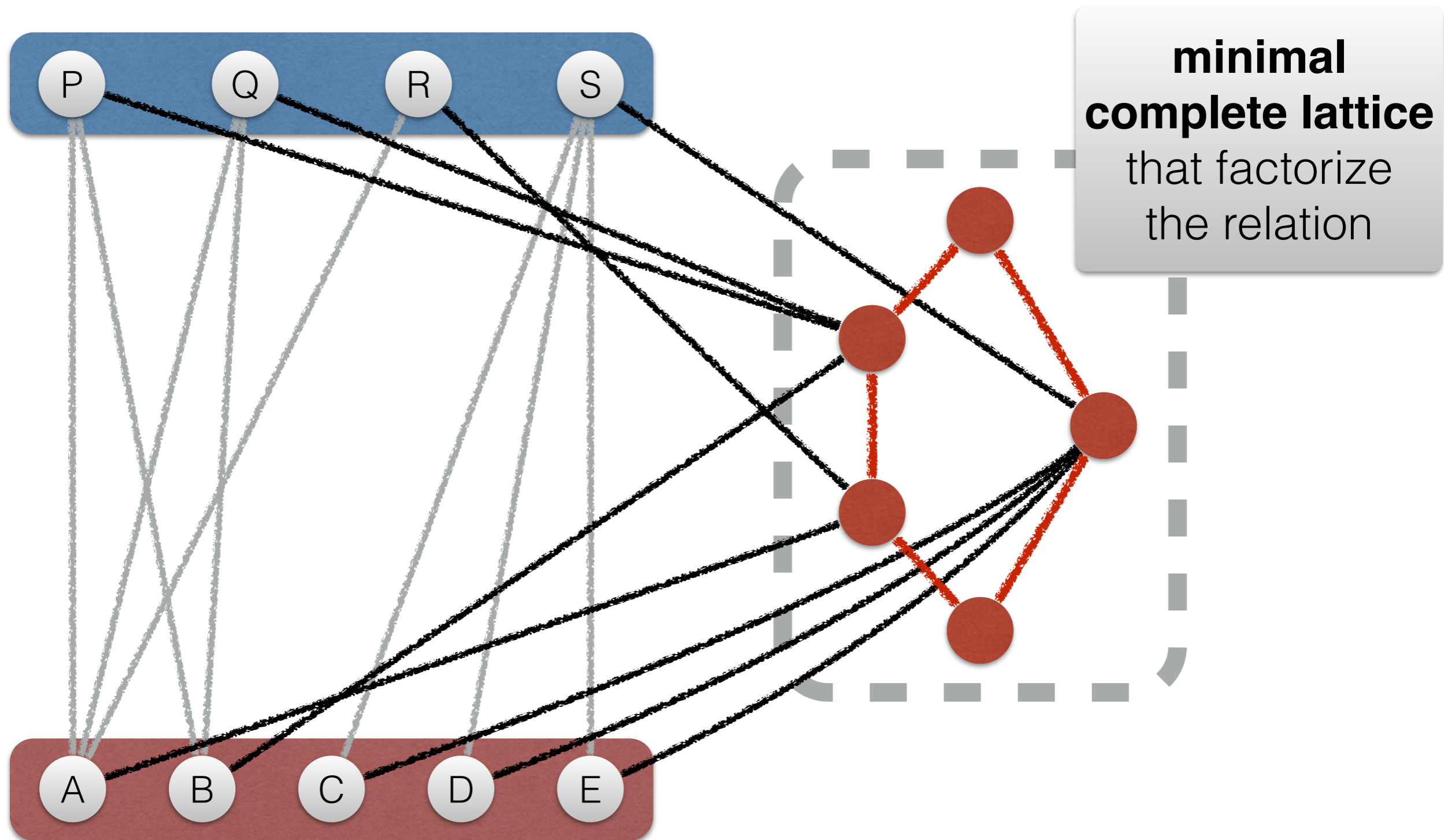
# Towards Unification

- Fixed points (definition)
- Completeness (theorem)
- Minimality (theorem)





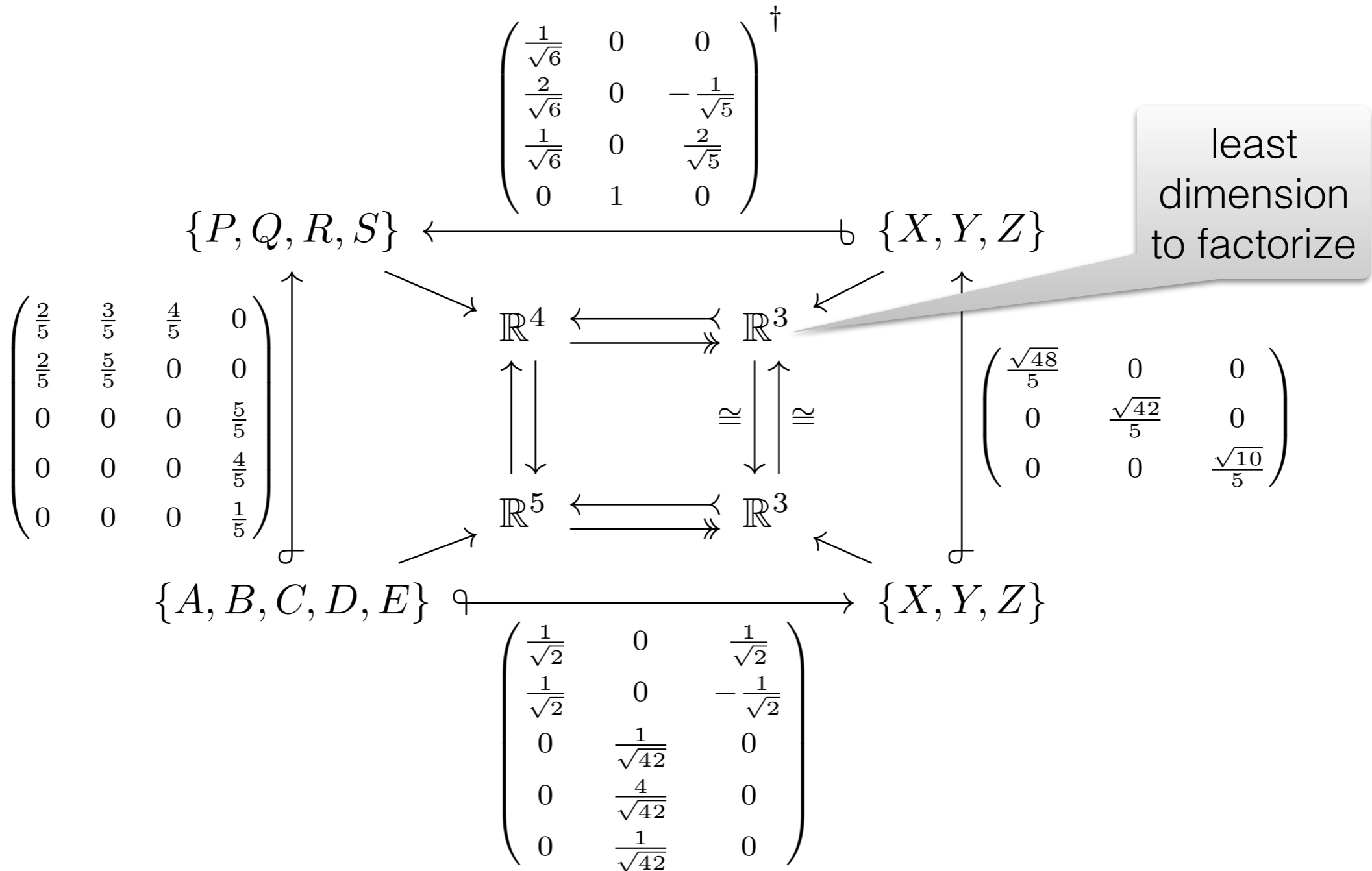
# Factorizations of Relations



# Singular Value Decomposition

- Compact SVD:  $M = U\Sigma V^\dagger$ 
  - $M$ : (given) real  $m \times n$  matrix, rank  $r$
  - $U$ :  $m \times r$  matrix,  $U^\dagger U = I_r$
  - $V$ :  $n \times r$  matrix,  $V^\dagger V = I_r$
  - $\Sigma$ : diagonal  $r \times r$  matrix
    - with positive reals on the diagonal

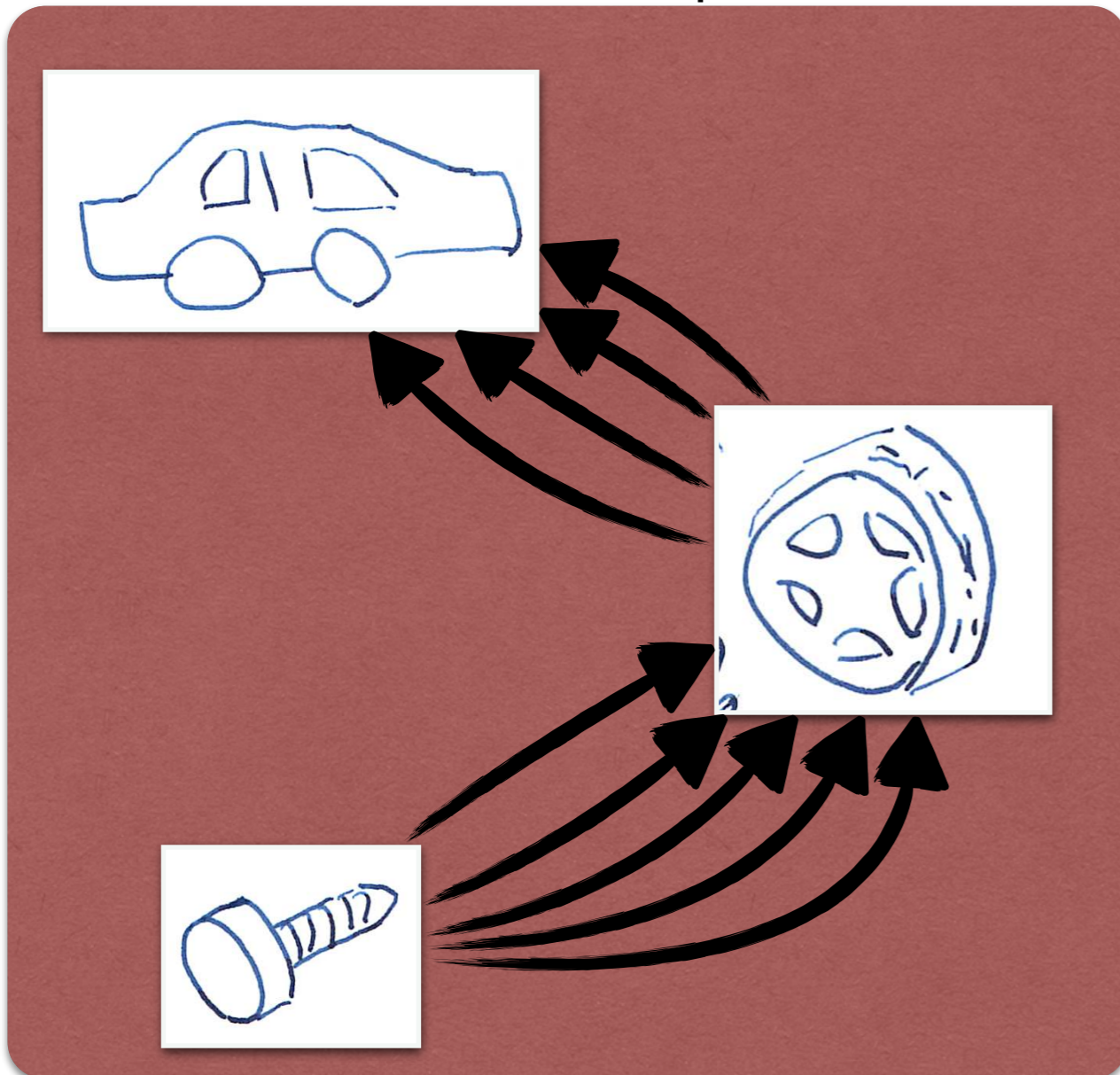
# Factorizations of Real Matrices



# Concept Analysis *in Categories*

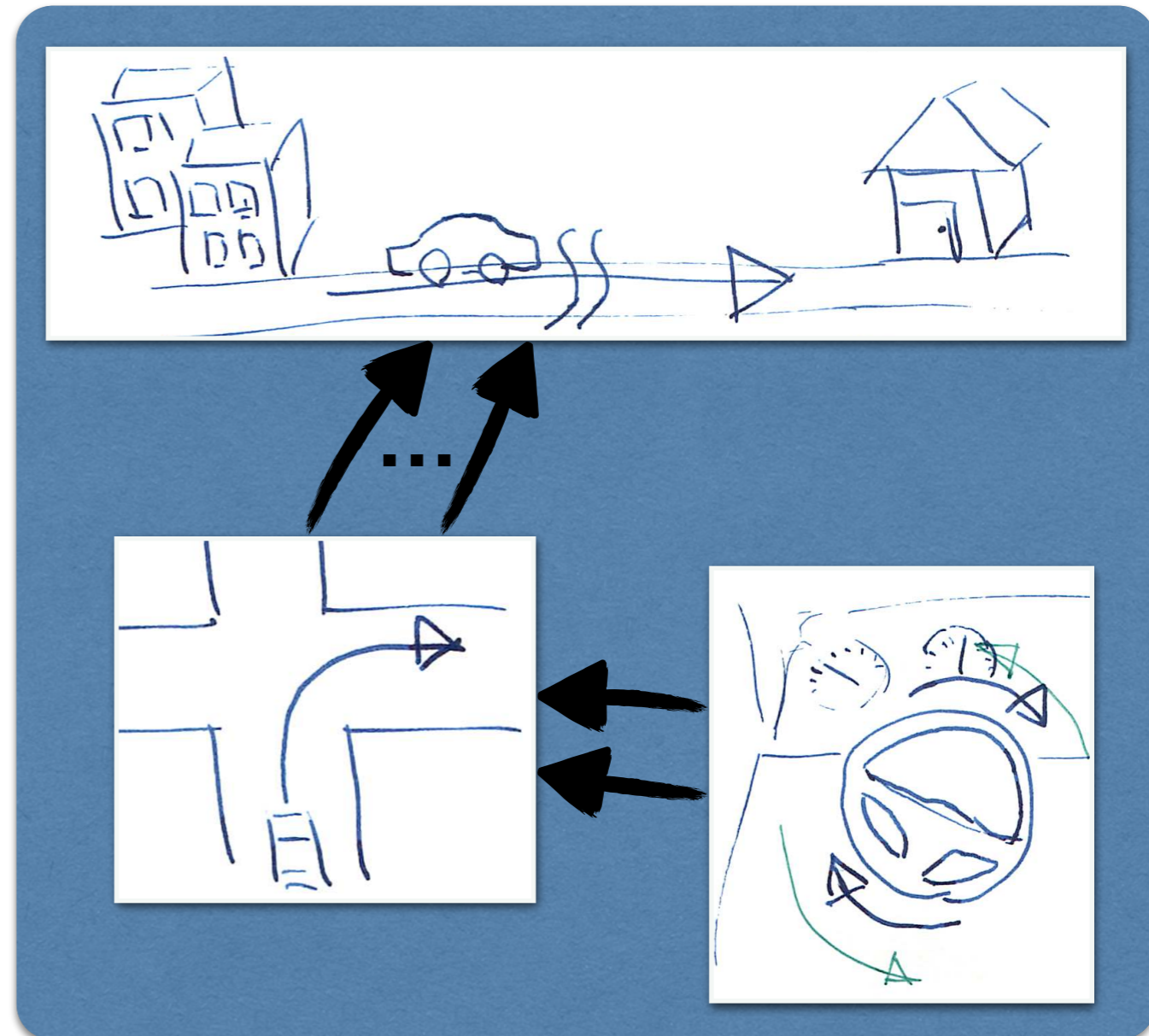
# Components and Functionalities

Structural components



Limit superior and limit inferior as algebras

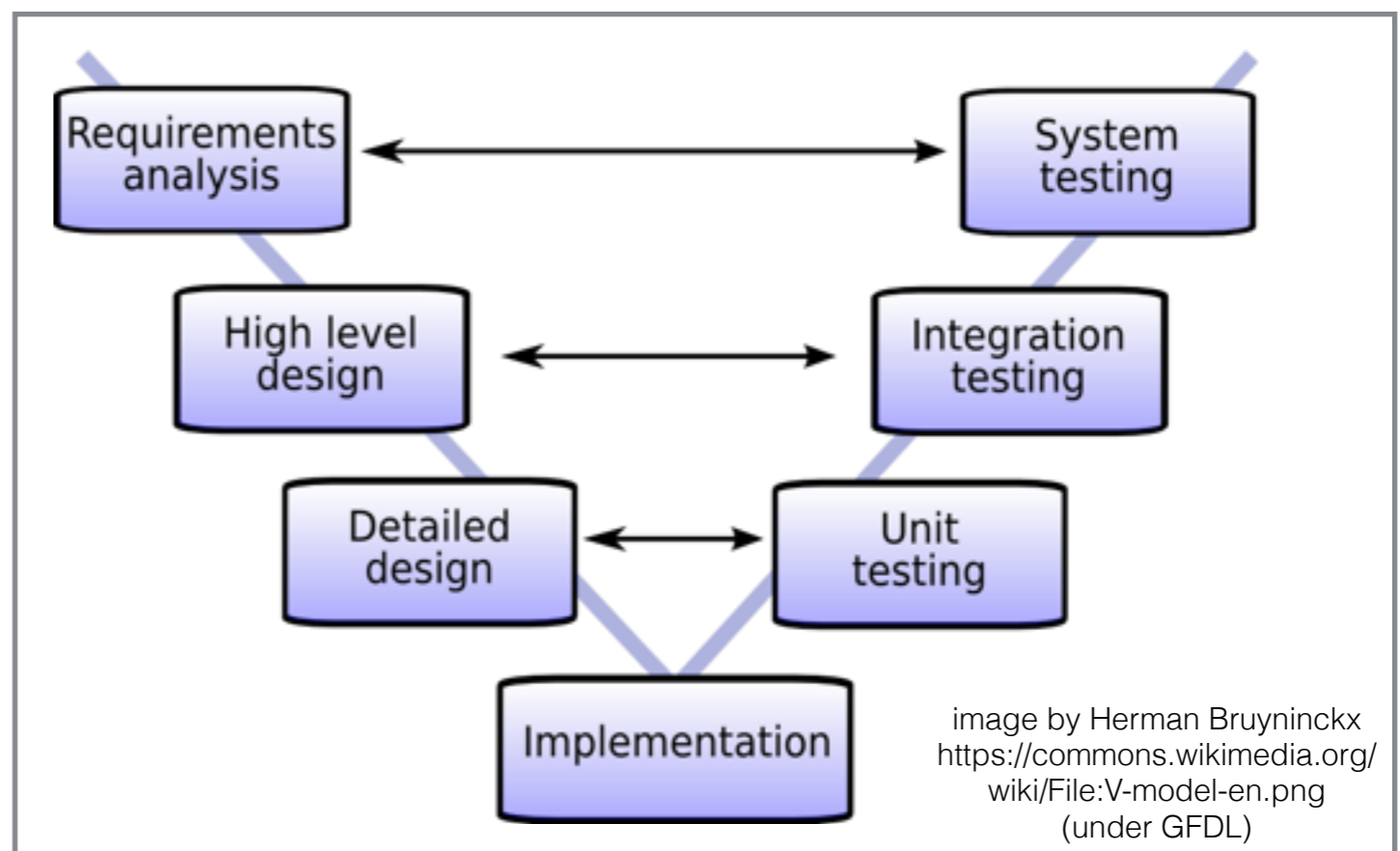
Functional modules



# Engineering

- Functionalities: top-down
- Components: bottom-up
- Relation: specification

V-model

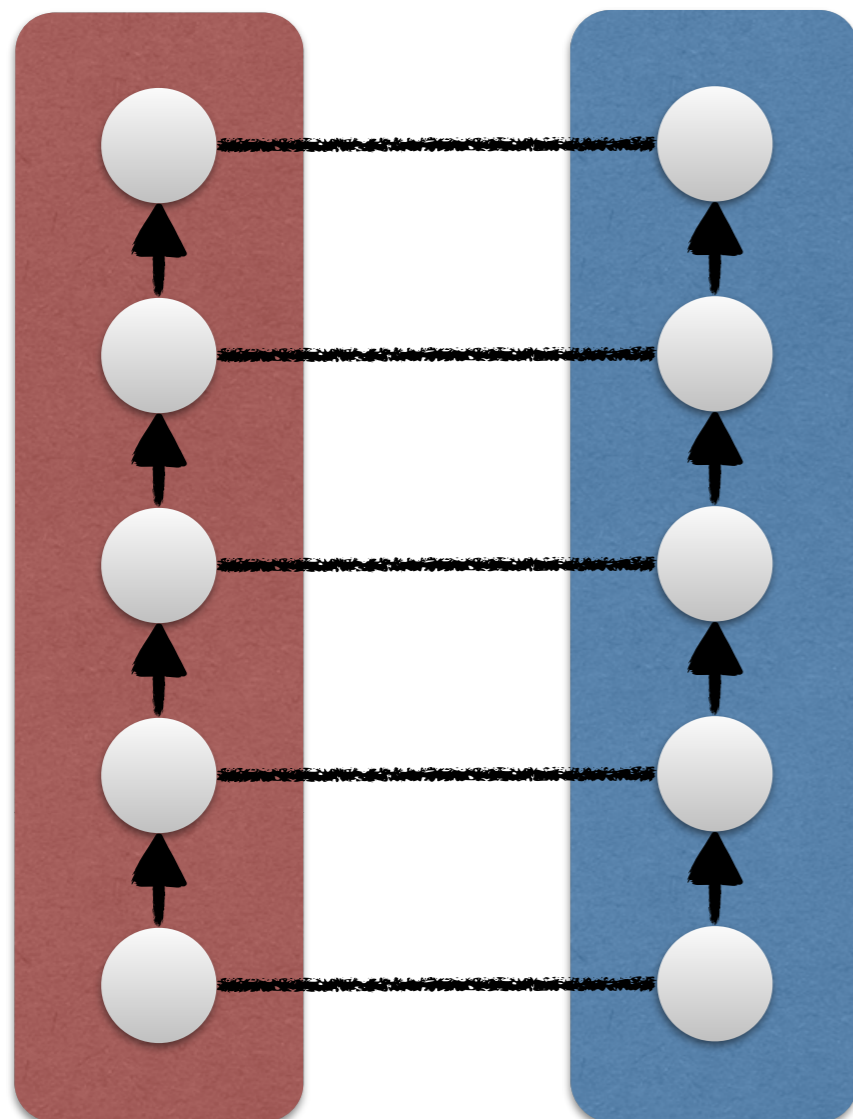


# Reverse-Engineering

- Want to know

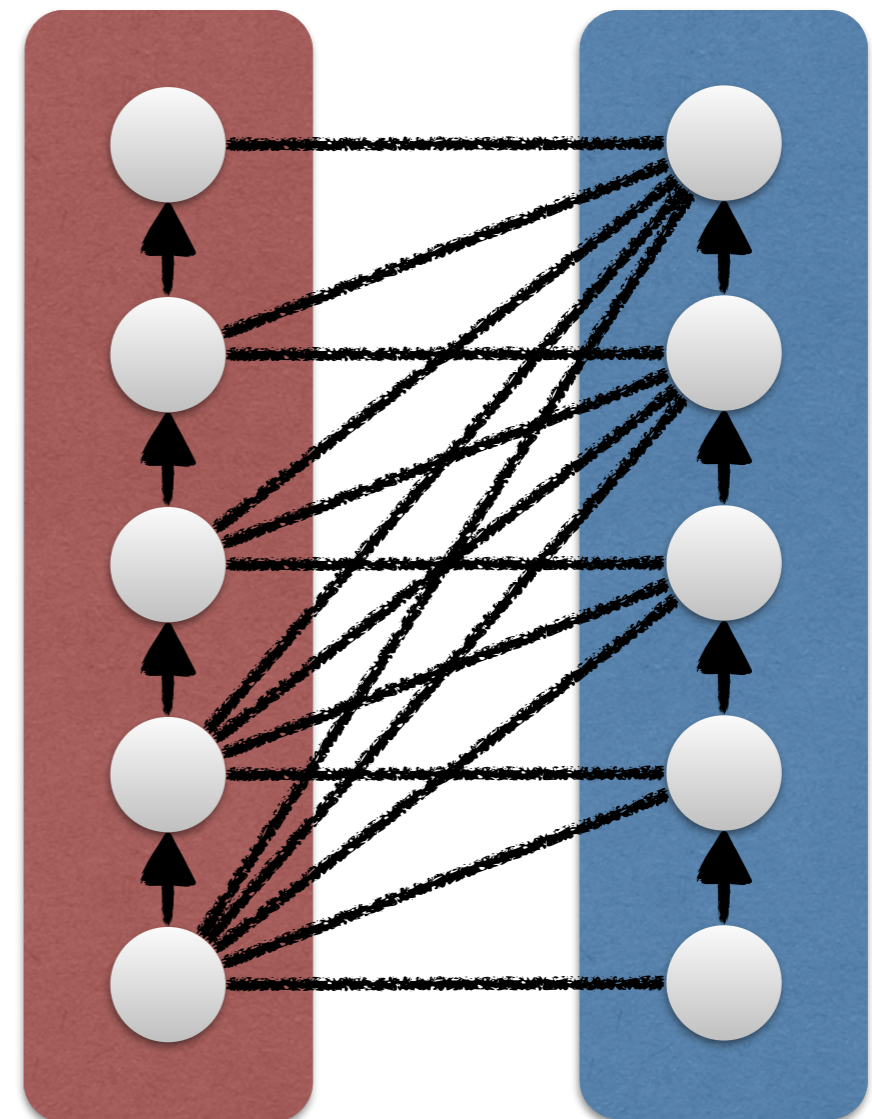
- Can be observed

Components      Functionalities



Limit superior and limit inferior as algebras

Components      Functionalities



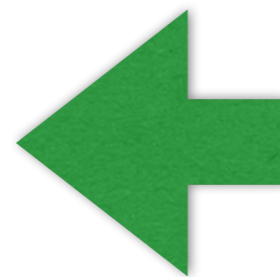
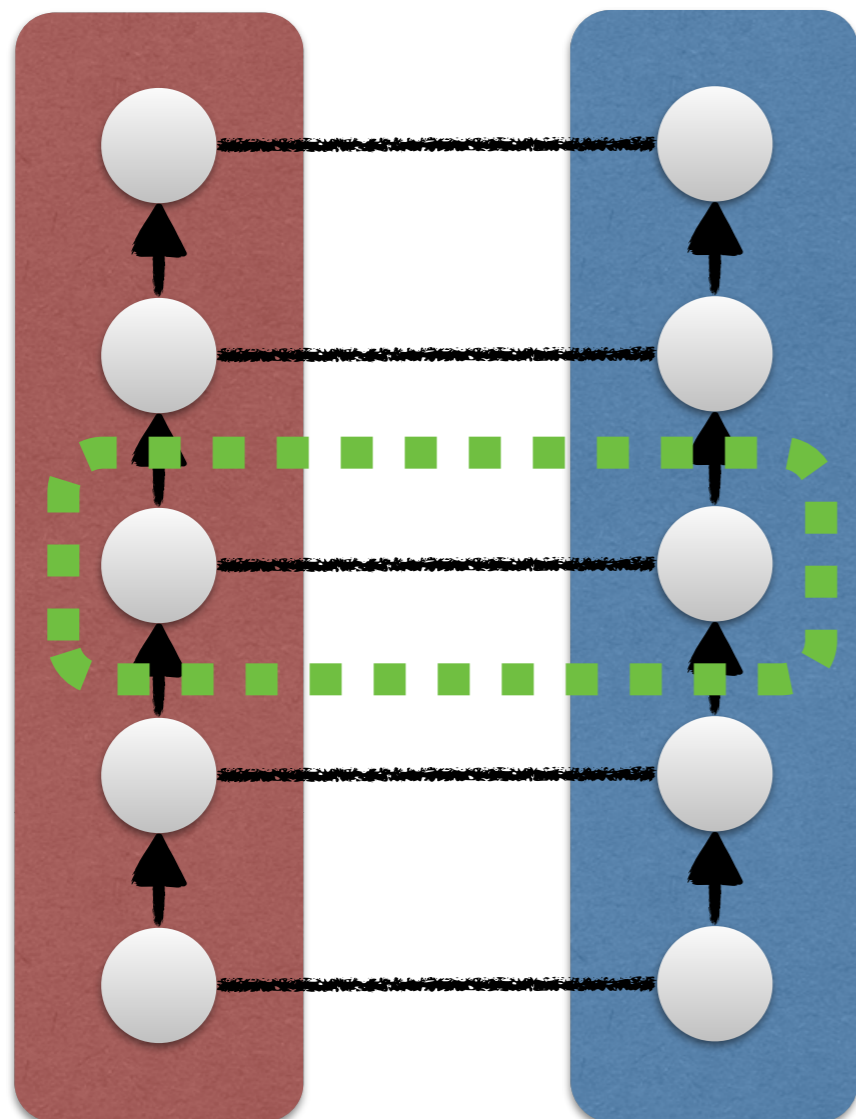
Toshiki Kataoka (UTokyo, JSPS)

# Reverse-Engineering

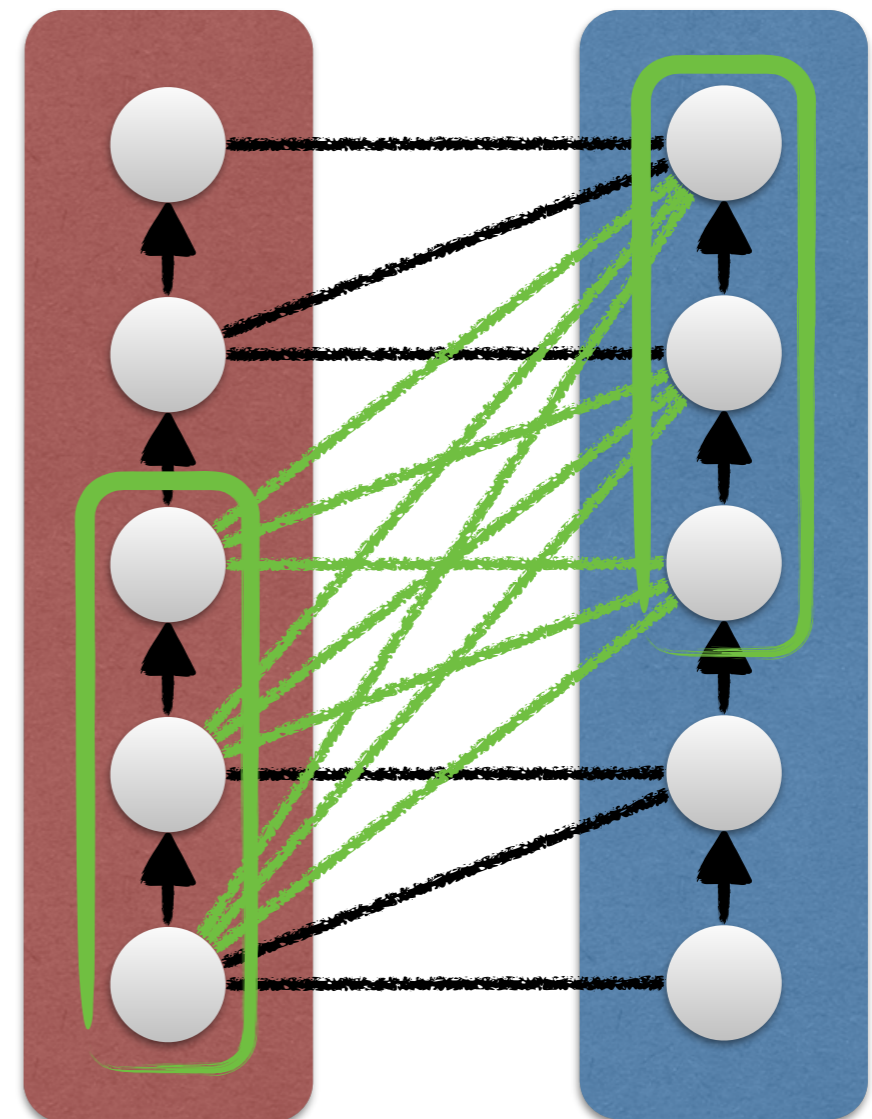
- Want to know

- Can be observed

Components      Functionalities

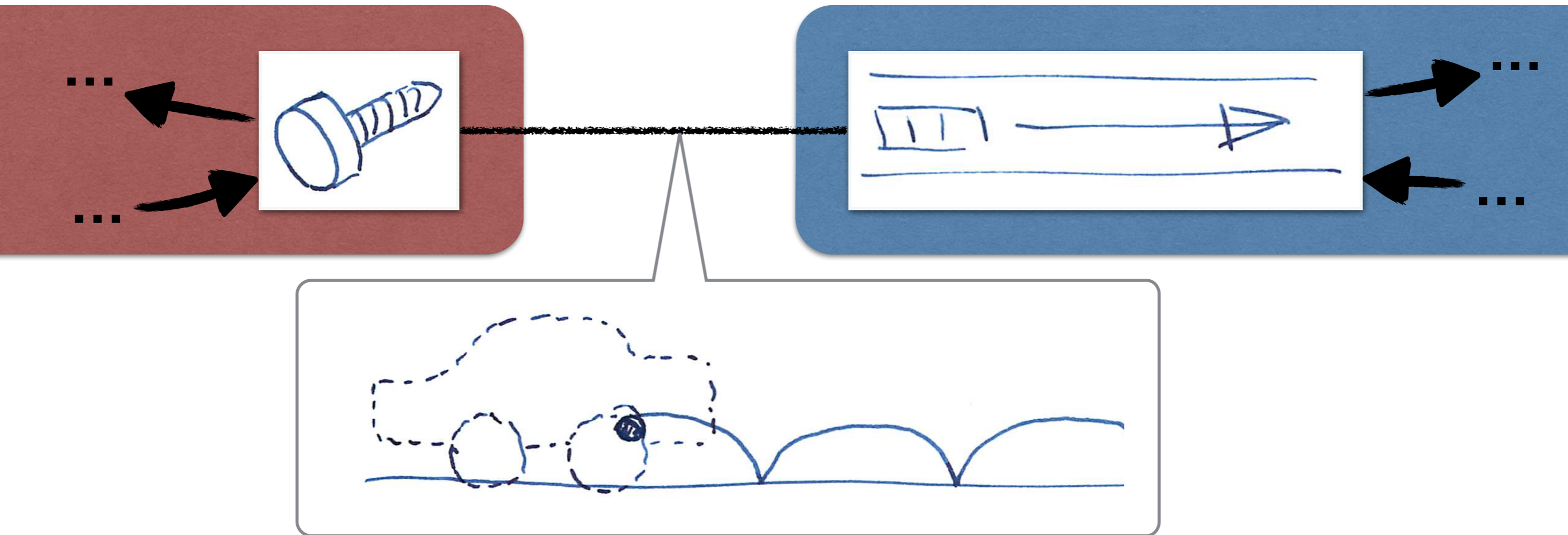


Components      Functionalities





# Actions on Relations



- From super-components
- From sub-functionalities



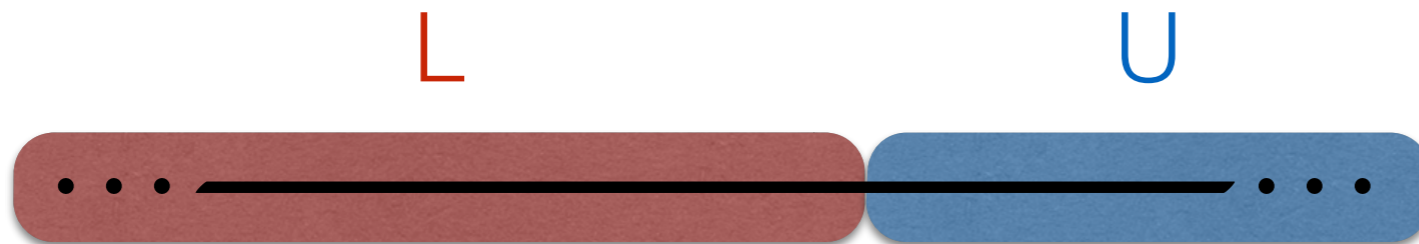
$$\Phi: \mathbb{A}^{\text{op}} \times \mathbb{B} \rightarrow \text{Set}$$

# Dedekind–MacNeille Completion

# Dedekind Cuts [Dedekind, 1872]

$$\mathbb{R} = \{ \langle L, U \rangle \mid \mathbb{Q} = L \amalg U, \quad L, U \neq \emptyset, \\ \forall l \in L. \forall u \in U. l \leq u \} / \sim$$

where  $\langle \{ < q \}, \{ \geq q \} \rangle \sim \langle \{ \leq q \}, \{ > q \} \rangle$  ( $q \in \mathbb{Q}$ )



# Dedekind–MacNeille Completion

[MacNeille, 1937]

- $(P, \leq)$ : poset

$$\begin{aligned} \uparrow P &= \{ \langle L, U \rangle \mid L \subseteq P, U \subseteq P, \\ &\quad L = \{ l \in P \mid \forall u \in U. l \leq u \}, \\ &\quad U = \{ u \in P \mid \forall l \in L. l \leq u \} \} \end{aligned}$$

lower bounds

upper bounds

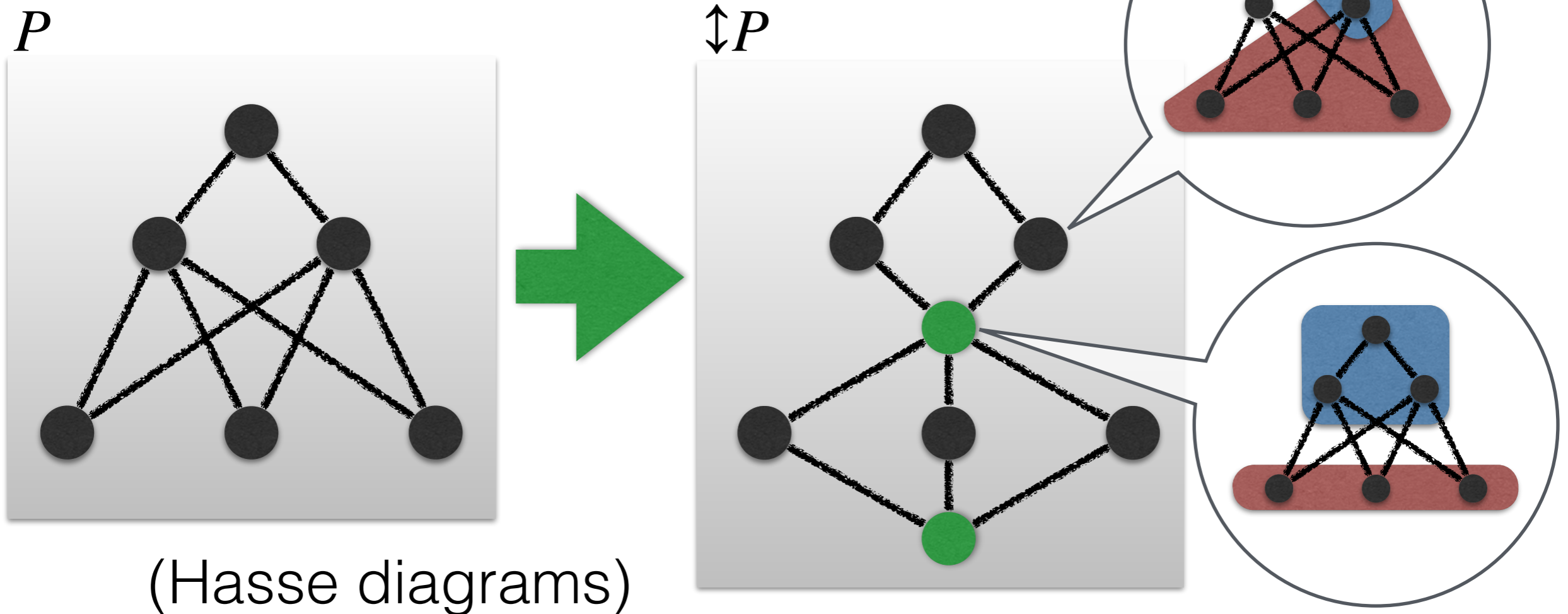
$$\langle L, U \rangle \leq \langle L', U' \rangle \iff L \subseteq L' \iff U \supseteq U'$$

- Generalizes Dedekind cuts

$$\begin{aligned} \uparrow \mathbb{Q} &= \{ \langle \emptyset, \mathbb{Q} \rangle \} \cup \{ \langle \{ \leq r \} \cap \mathbb{Q}, \{ \geq r \} \cap \mathbb{Q} \rangle \mid r \in \mathbb{R} \} \cup \{ \langle \mathbb{Q}, \emptyset \rangle \} \\ &\cong \{ -\infty \} \cup \mathbb{R} \cup \{ \infty \} \end{aligned}$$

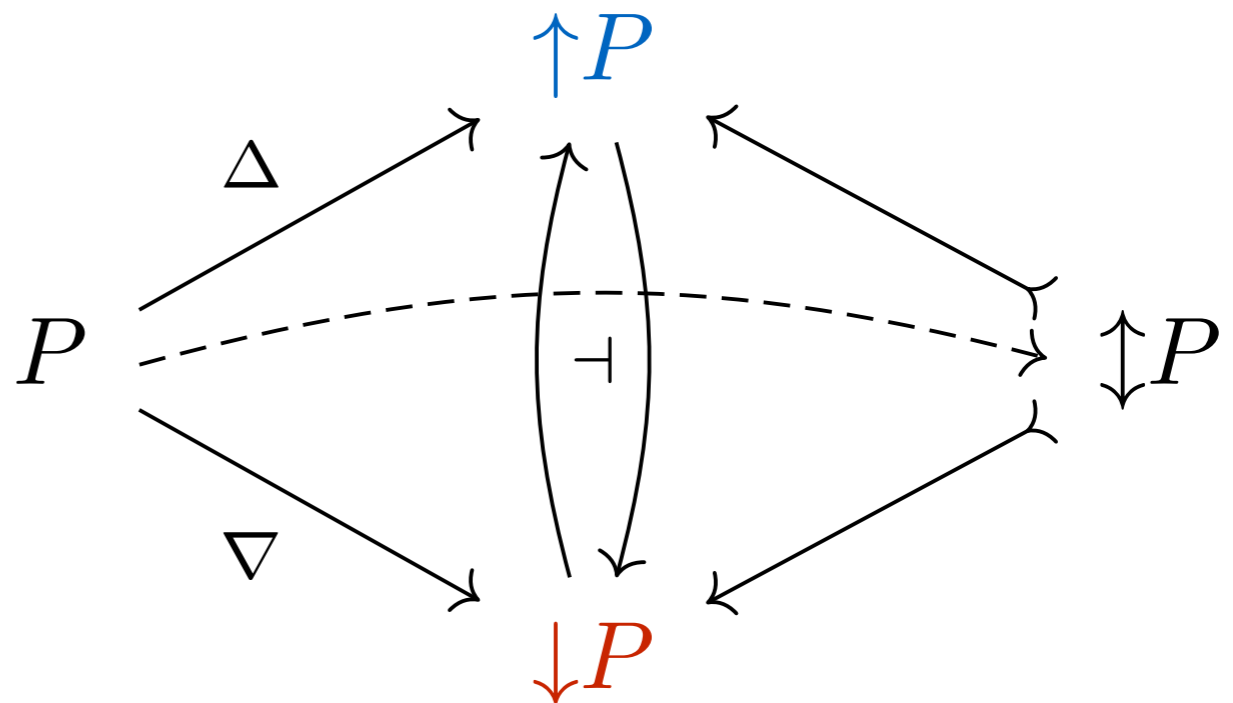
# An Example

$$\updownarrow P = \{ \langle L, U \rangle \mid L \text{ is lower bounds of } U, \\ U \text{ is upper bounds of } L \}$$



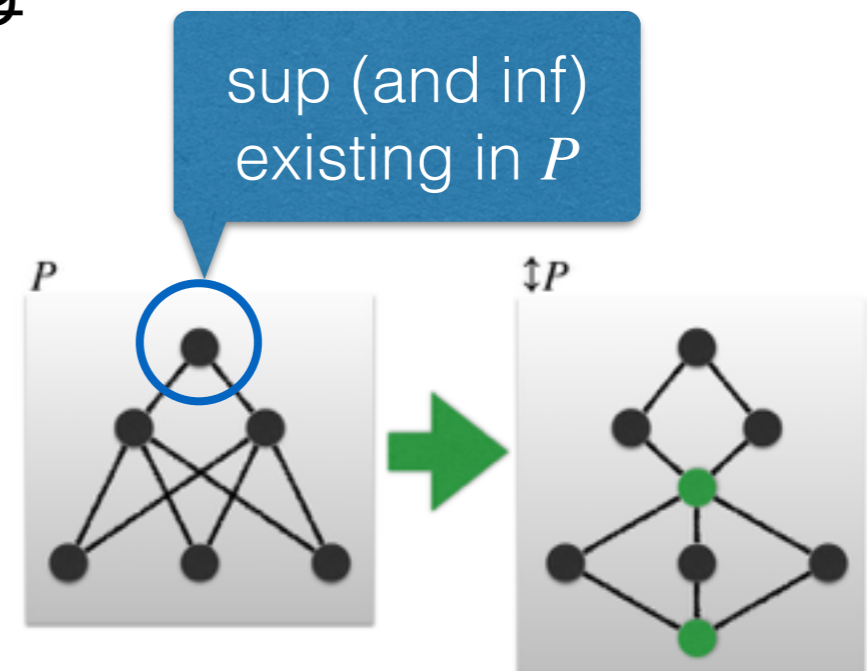
# Categorically

- $(P, \leq)$ : poset,
- $(\downarrow P, \subseteq)$  (resp.  $(\uparrow P, \supseteq)$ ):  
the family of **lower** (resp. **upper**) sets
- $\updownarrow P$ : fixed point of  
the Galois connection



# Properties

- $\updownarrow P$  is inf- and sup-complete. (Complete lattice)
- $P \rightarrow \updownarrow P$  is an inf- and sup-dense embedding.
  - Thus, sup- and inf-preserving
- The **minimal bicompletion**

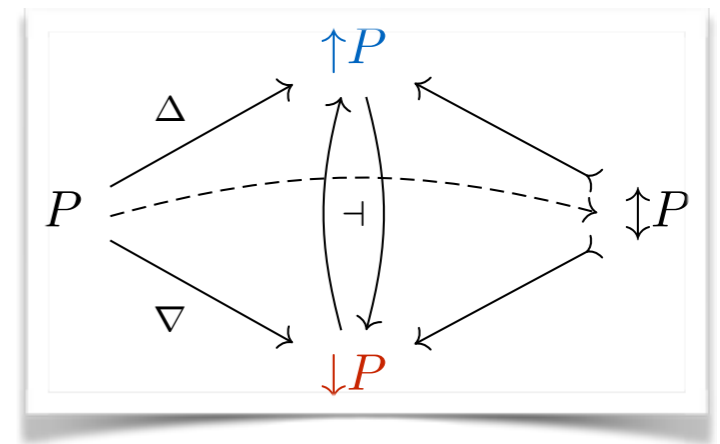
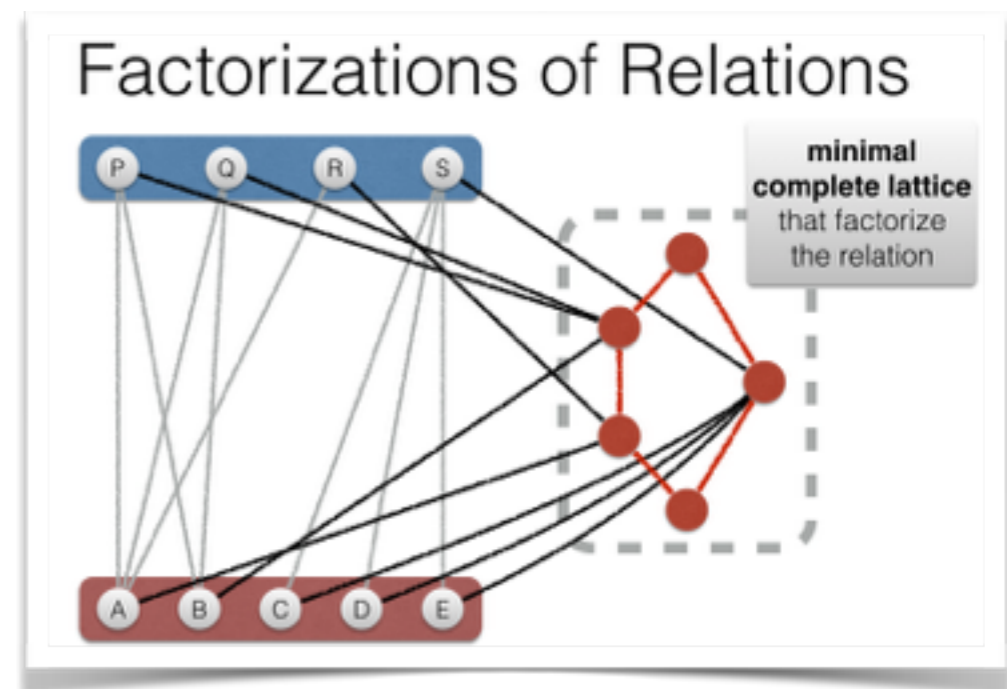
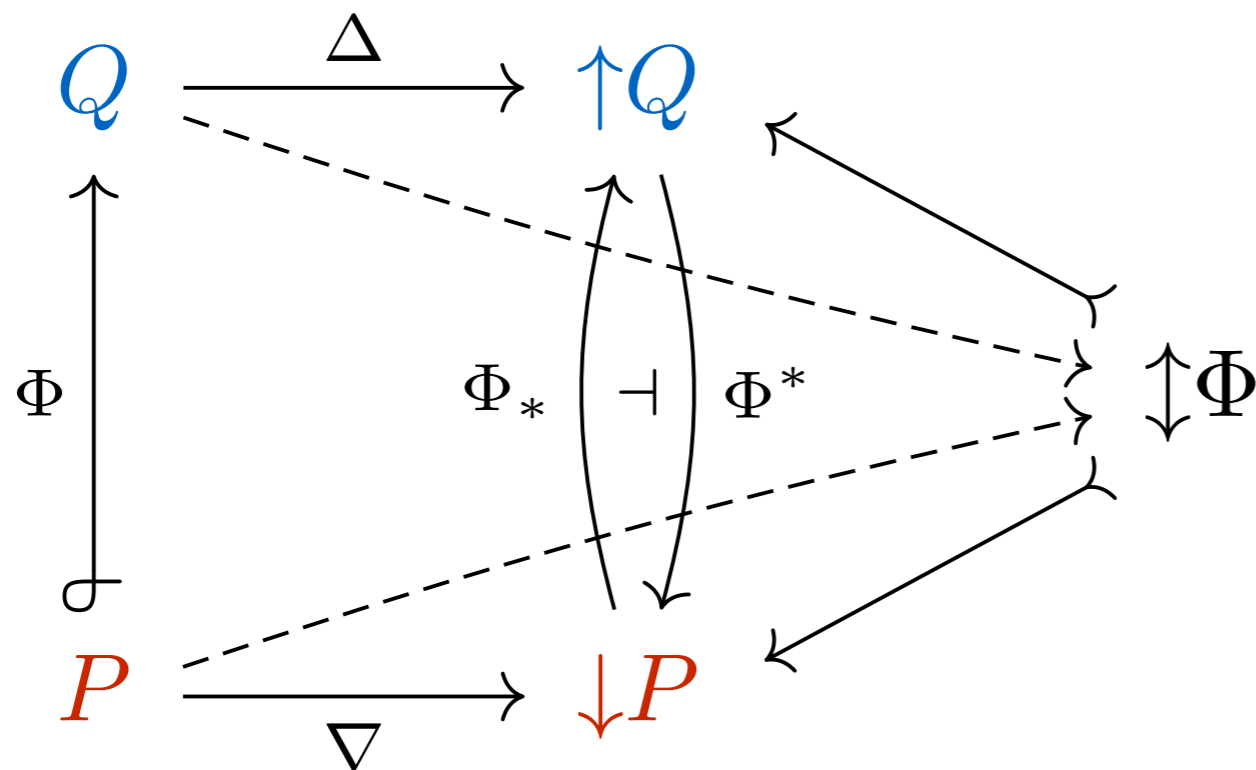


# Generalizations of Dedekind–MacNeille Completion



# Completions of Relations

- $\Phi \subseteq P \times Q$ : relation s.t.  $x' \leq x, x\Phi y, y \leq y' \Rightarrow x'\Phi y'$

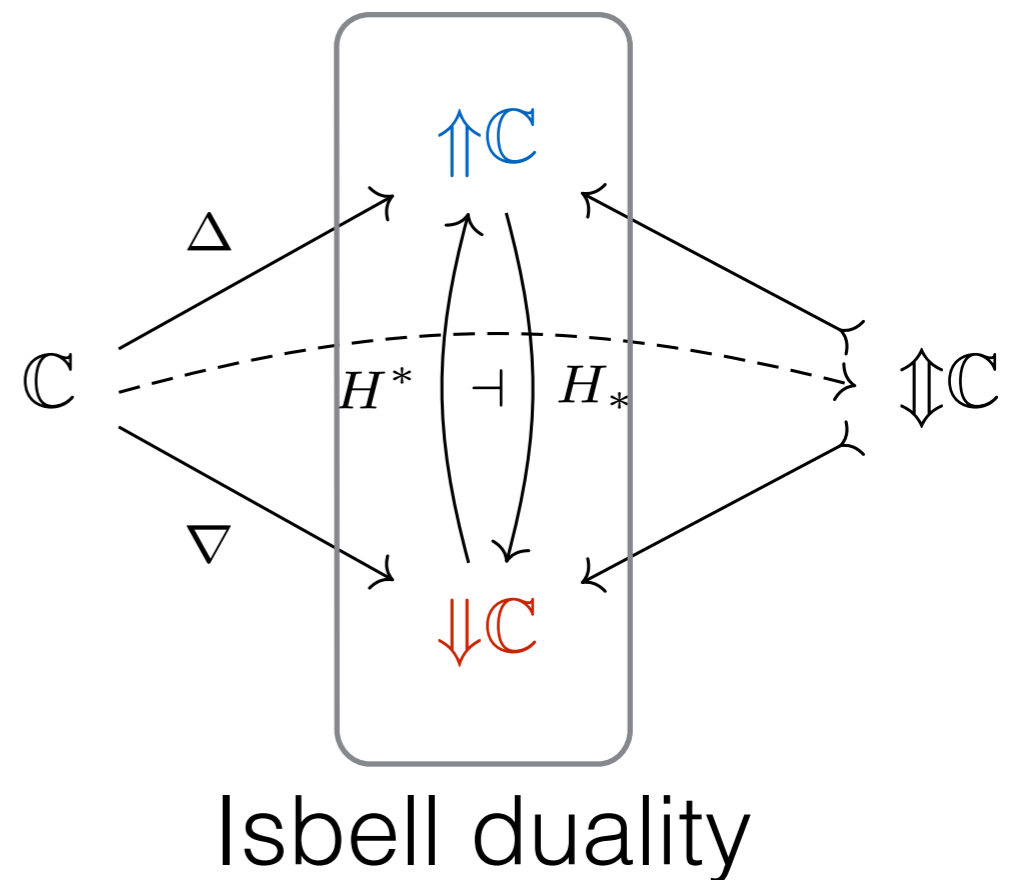


# Notations

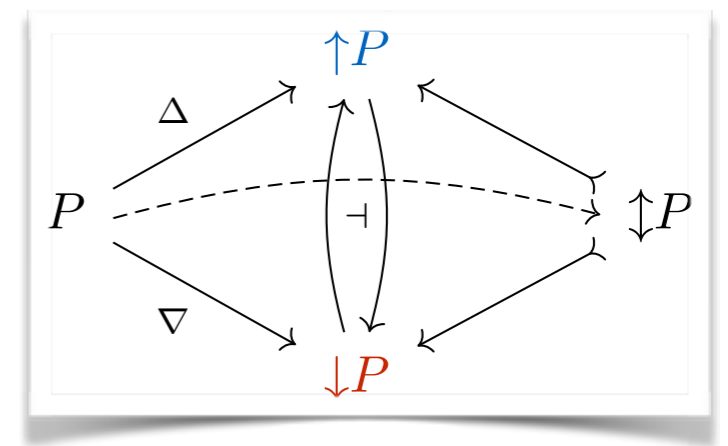
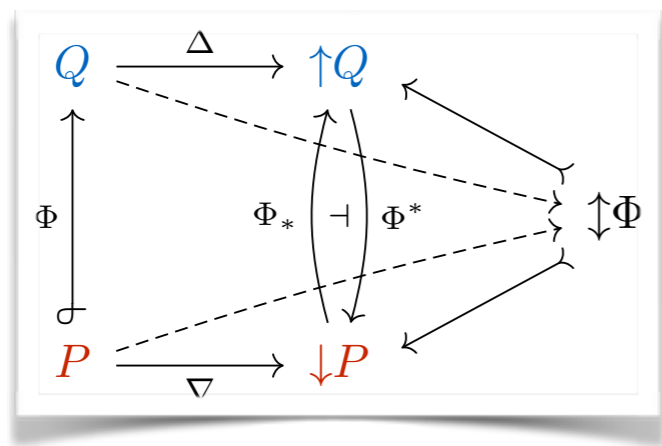
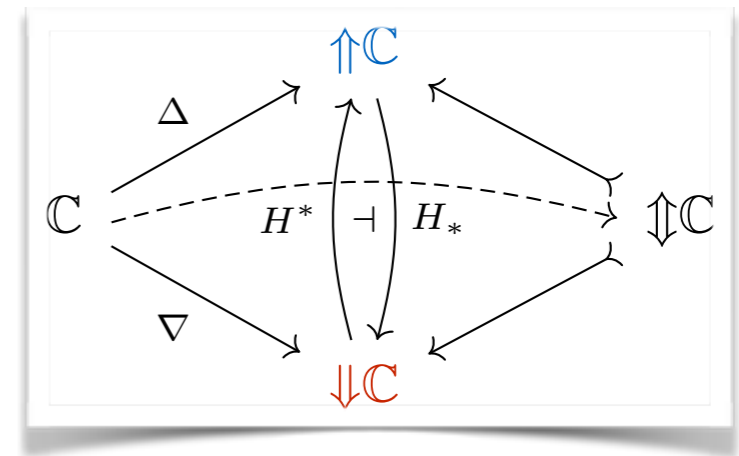
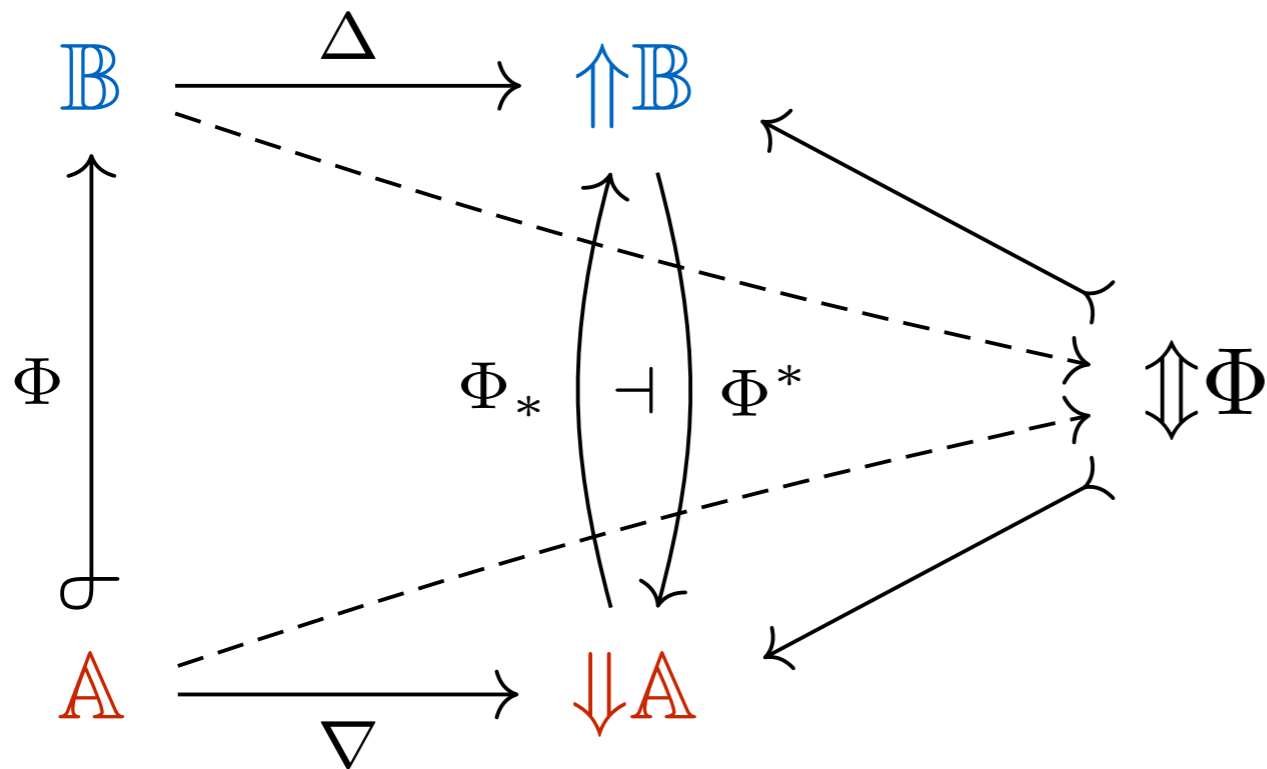
- $\mathbb{C}$ :  $\mathcal{V}$ -enriched category,
- $\Downarrow\mathbb{C} = [\mathbb{C}^{\text{op}}, \mathcal{V}]$ : category of presheaves,
- $\Uparrow\mathbb{C} = [\mathbb{C}, \mathcal{V}]^{\text{op}}$ : category of postsheaves,
- $\nabla: \mathbb{C} \rightarrow \Downarrow\mathbb{C}$ ,  $\Delta: \mathbb{C} \rightarrow \Uparrow\mathbb{C}$ : Yoneda embeddings,
- $A \pitchfork B$  denotes  $A^{\text{op}} \otimes B \rightarrow \mathcal{V}$ .

# Isbell Completion

- $\mathcal{V} = \{0, 1\}$  ( $\mathcal{V}$ -category = poset)
  - $\updownarrow \mathbf{C}$ : Dedekind–MacNeille completion
- $\mathcal{V} = [0, \infty]$  ( $\mathcal{V}$ -category = Lawvere metric space)
  - $\updownarrow \mathbf{C}$ : (directed) tight span [Willerton, 2013]



# If $\mathcal{V} = [0, \infty]$



# Quantitative Concept Analysis

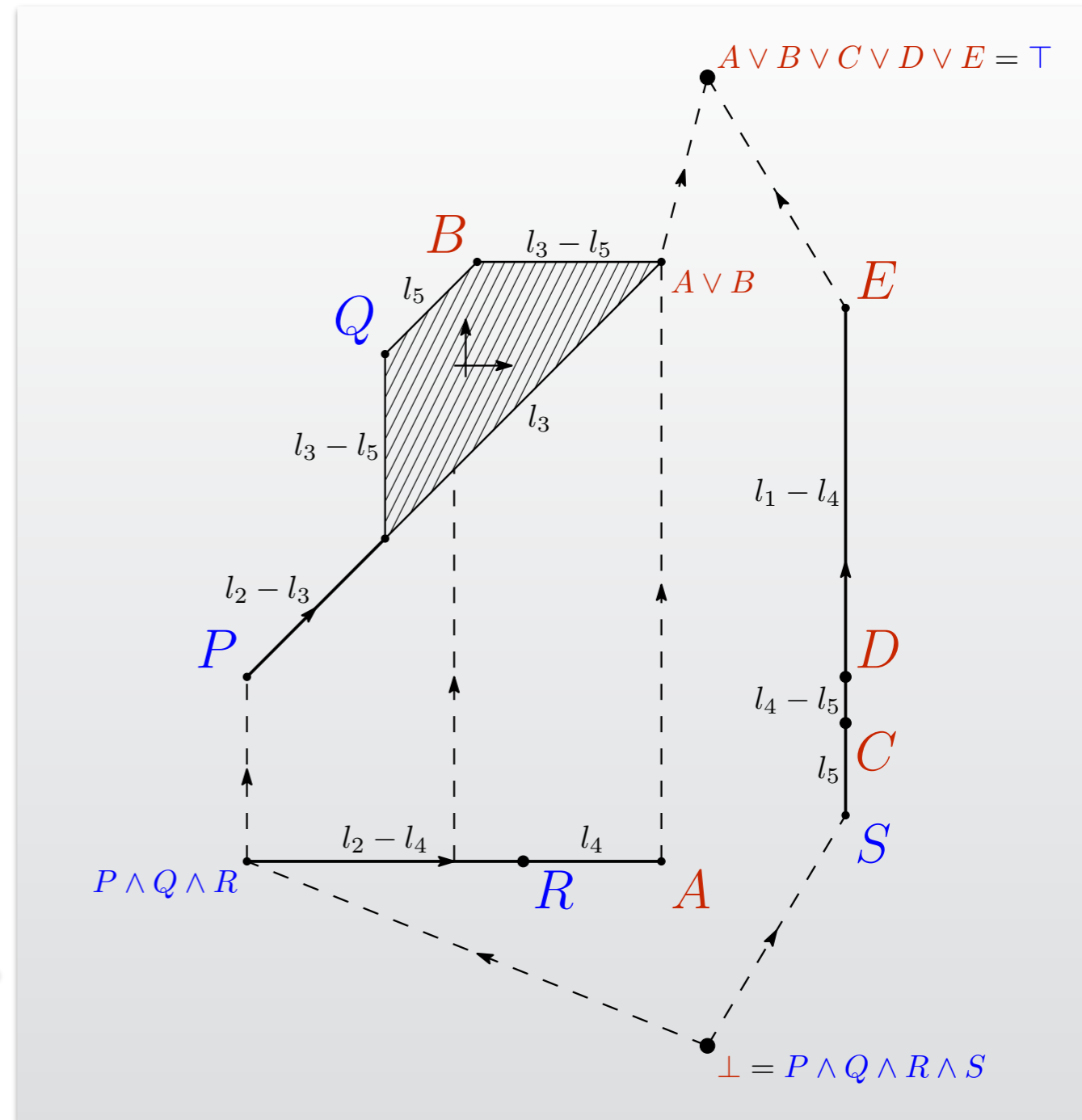
[Pavlovic, 2012]

- Lawvere metrized

|       | P  | Q           | R     | S           |
|-------|----|-------------|-------|-------------|
| Alice | ★★ | ★★★★        | ★★★★★ |             |
| Bob   | ★★ | ★★★<br>★★★★ |       |             |
| Carol |    |             |       | ★★★<br>★★★★ |
| Dan   |    |             |       | ★★★★★       |
| Eve   |    |             |       | ★           |

$$d(A, P) = l_2, d(A, Q) = l_3, \dots$$

$$\text{where } 0 \leq l_5 \leq \dots \leq l_1 < l_0 = \infty$$



# Bicompletions *of Categories*

# Question by Lambek<sub>(1966)</sub>

- Does there exist
  - an inf- and sup-dense embedding to
  - an inf- and sup-complete category?

# Answer by Isbell<sub>(1968)</sub>

- Any inf- and sup-dense embedding of the group  $\mathbf{Z}_4$  is not inf-complete (nor sup-complete)

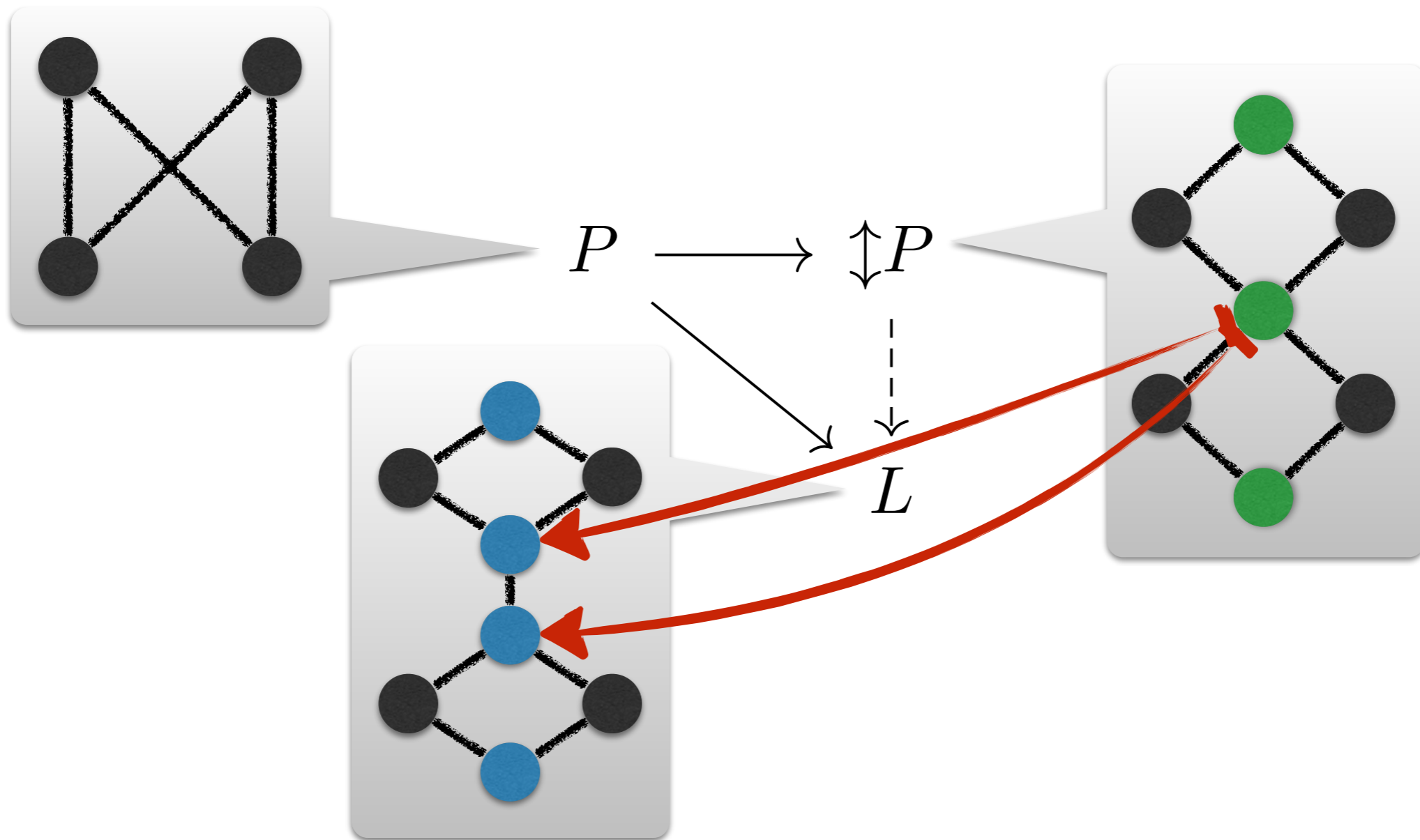
## Question by Lambek<sub>(1966)</sub>

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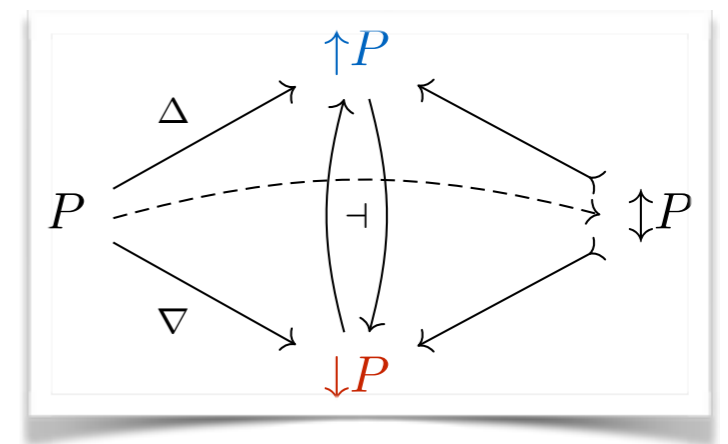
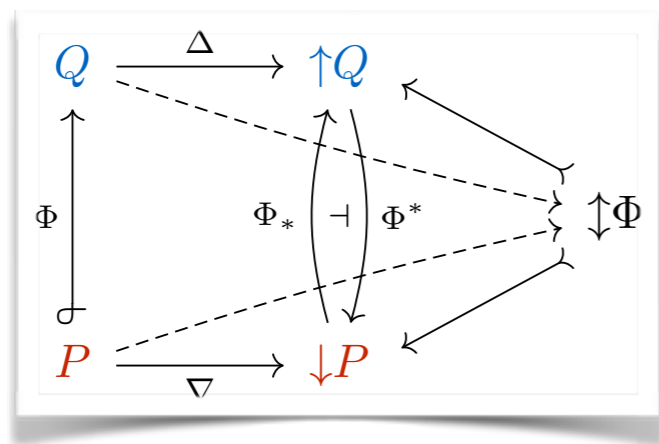
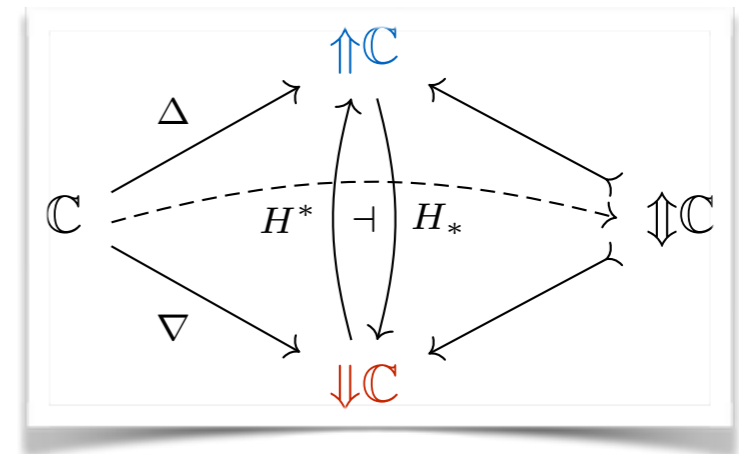
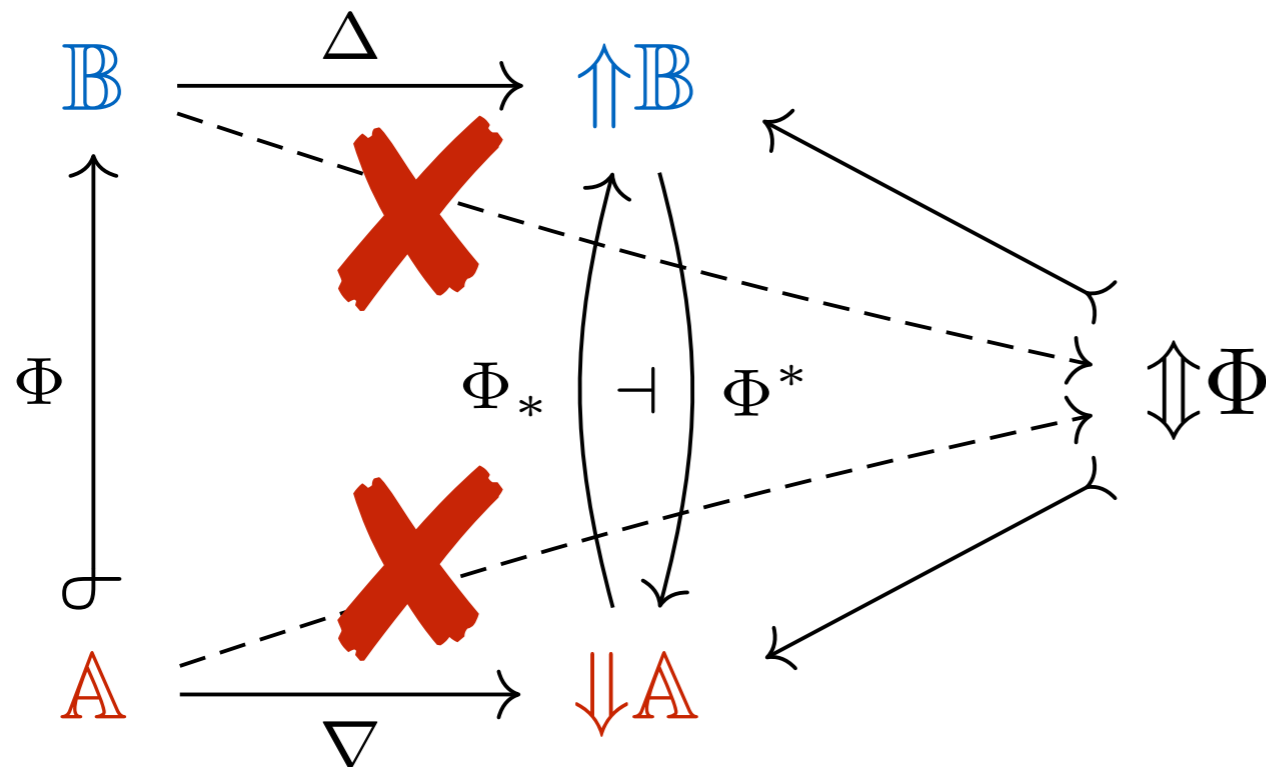


# Two Universalities

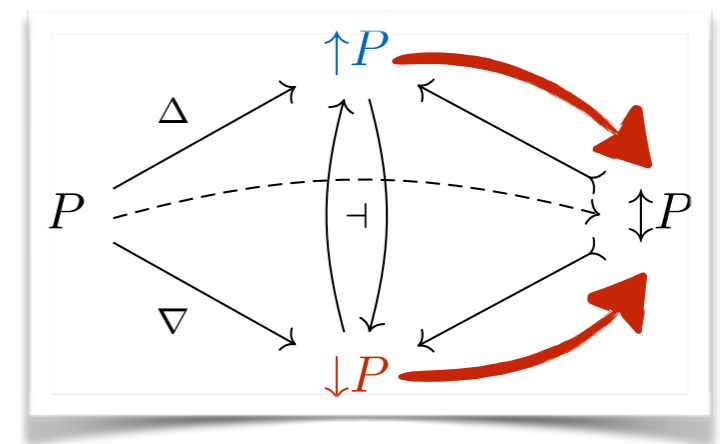
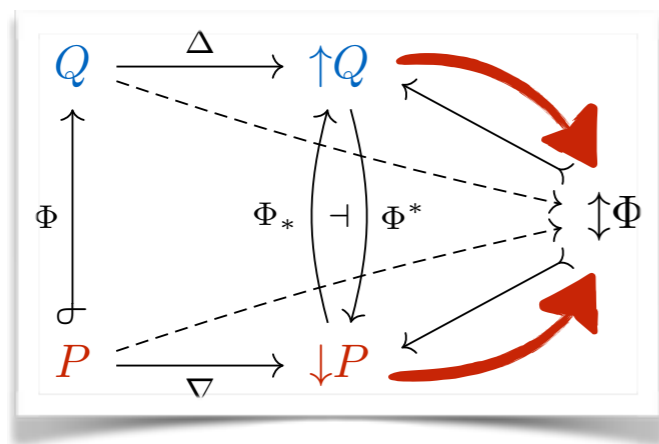
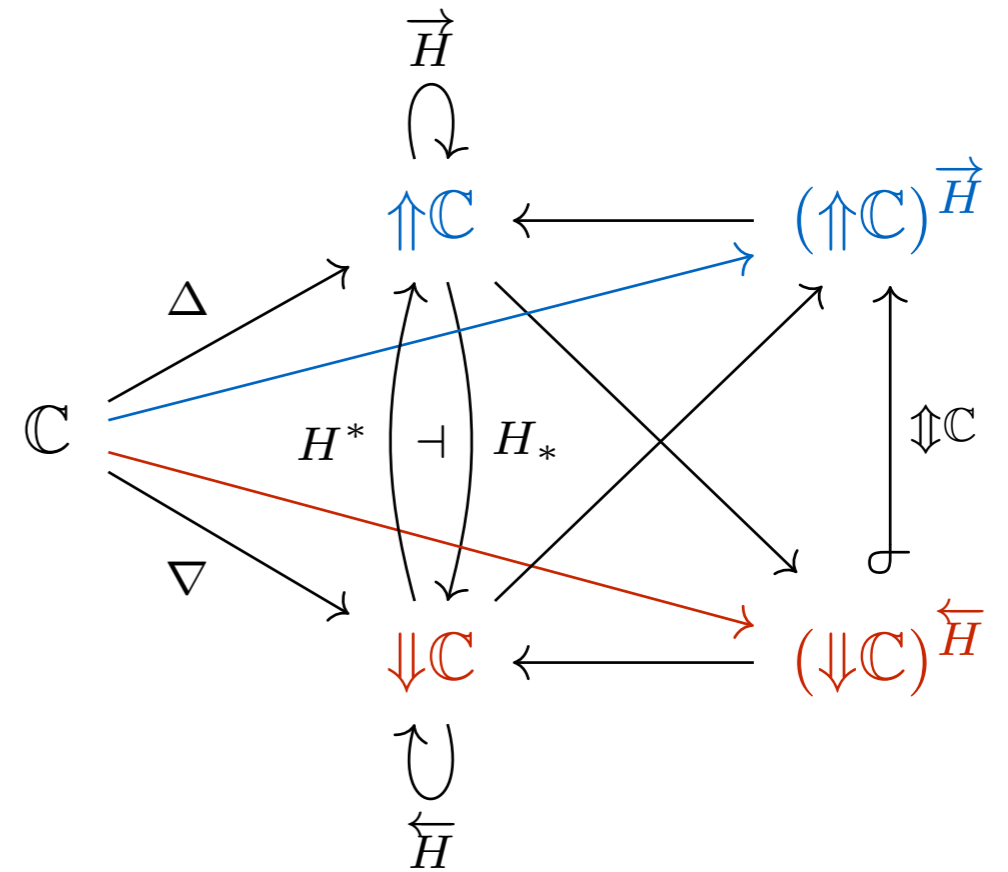
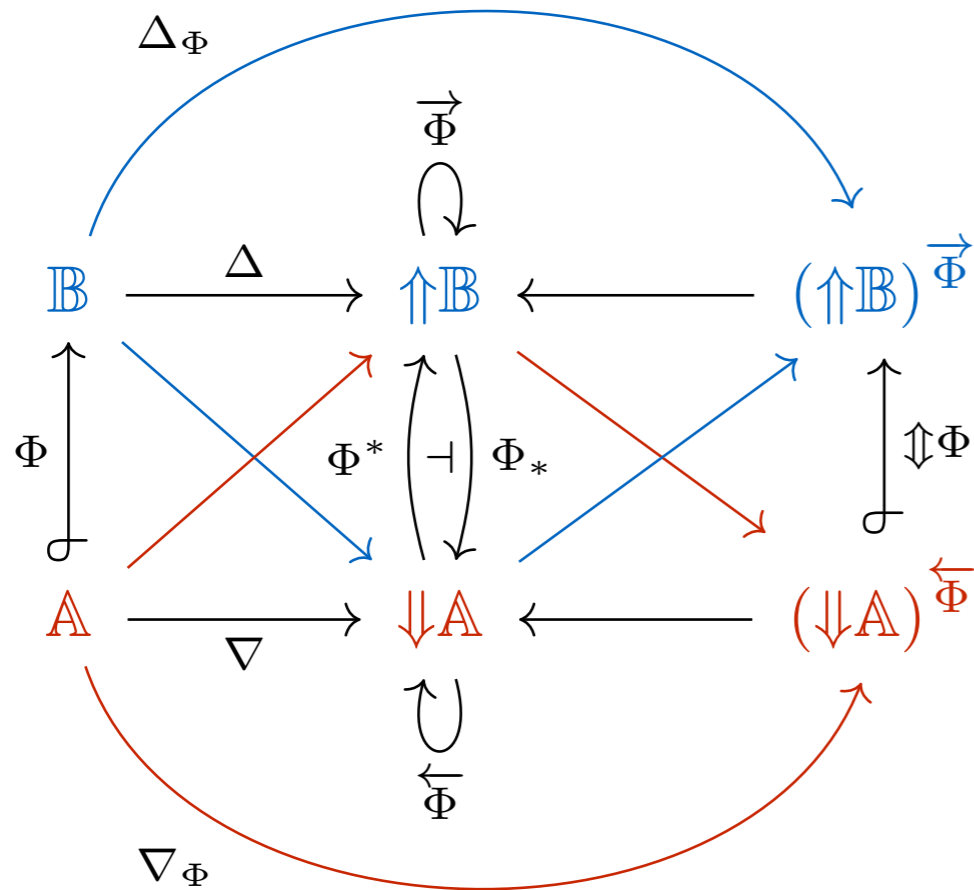
- Cannot be a single self-dual universality



# Trouble with $\mathcal{V} = \text{Set}$

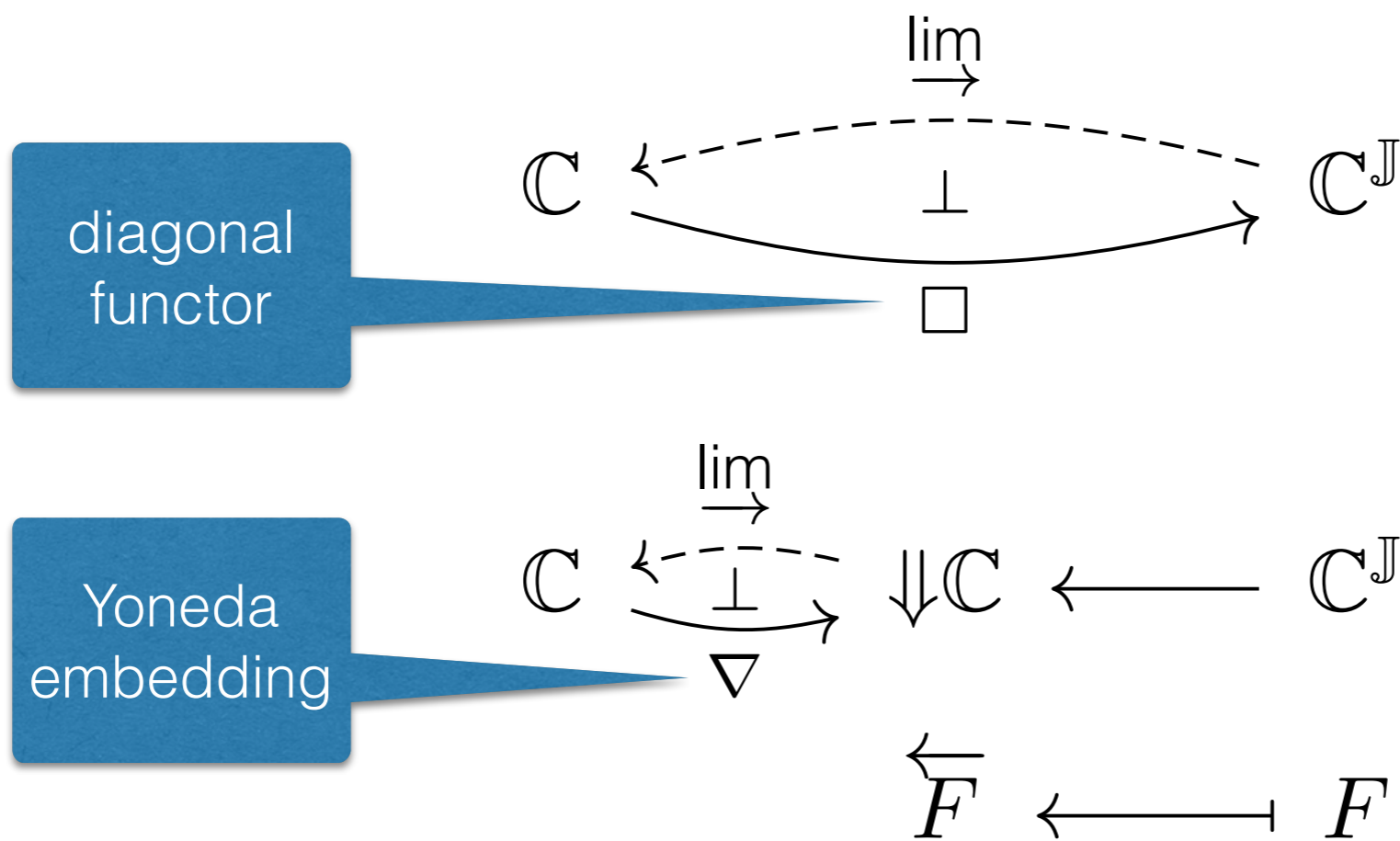


# Our Proposal



# Supremum along Discrete Fibration

- $\varinjlim F = \varinjlim \overleftarrow{F}$  ( $F: \mathbb{J} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ ,  $\overleftarrow{F}: \mathbb{C}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{Set}$ )



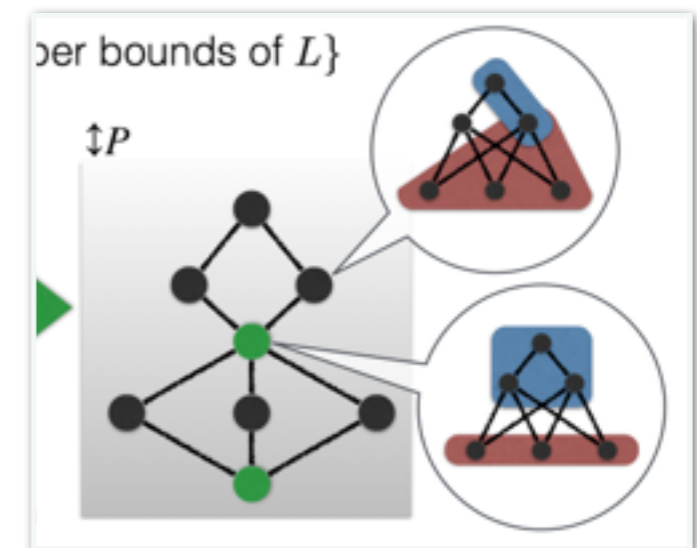
# Limit inferior

- The supremum of lower bounds

$$\overrightarrow{\lim} F := \lim_{\rightarrow} H^* \overrightarrow{F}$$

$$\mathbb{C} \xleftarrow{\overrightarrow{\lim}} \mathbb{C}^J$$

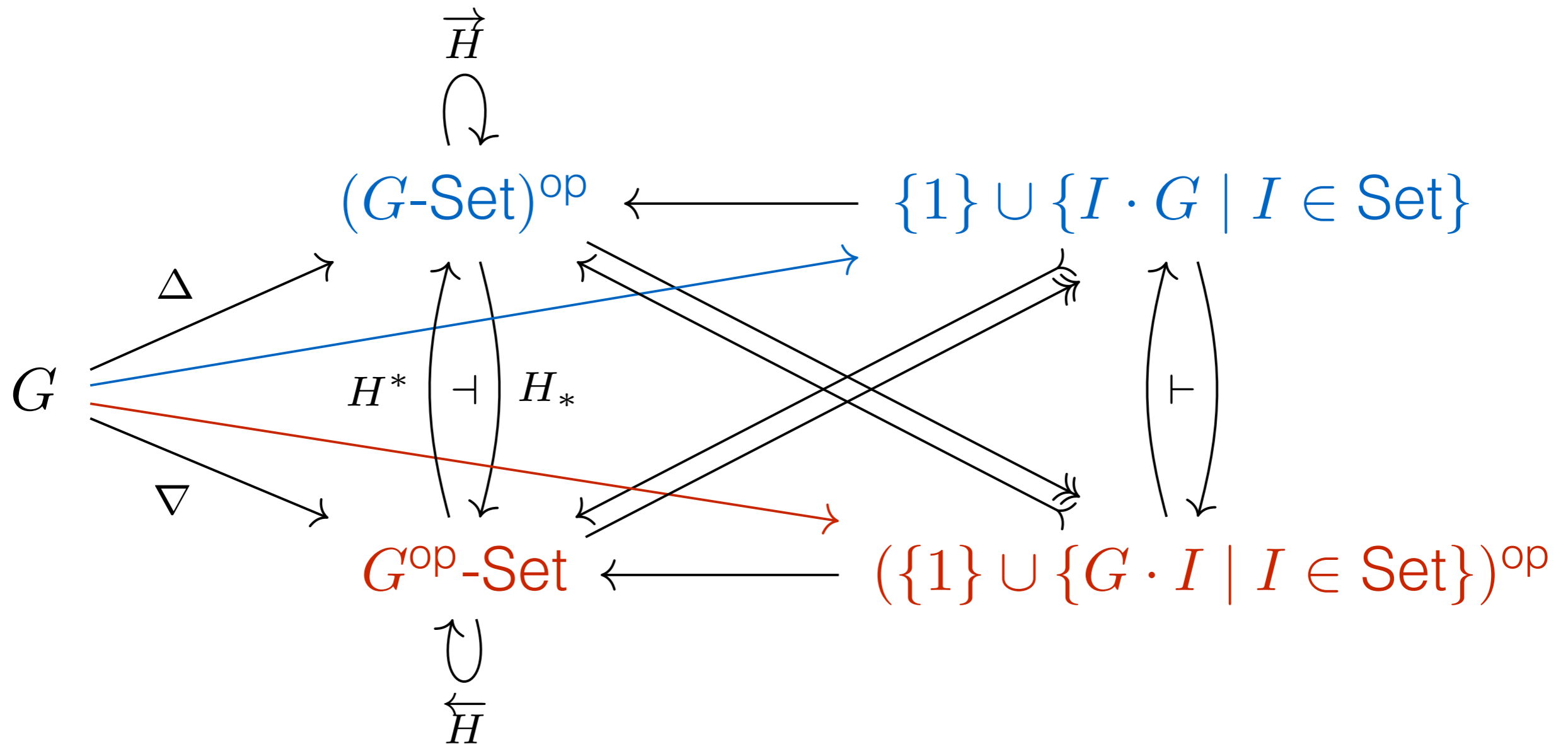
$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 \mathbb{C} & \xleftarrow{\overrightarrow{\lim}} & \Downarrow \mathbb{C} & \xleftarrow{H^*} & \Uparrow \mathbb{C} & \xleftarrow{\quad} & \mathbb{C}^J \\
 \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \perp \\ \text{---} \\ \nabla \end{array} \right. & & & & & & \\
 & & H^* \overrightarrow{F} & \xleftarrow{\quad} & \overrightarrow{F} & \xleftarrow{\quad} & F
 \end{array}$$



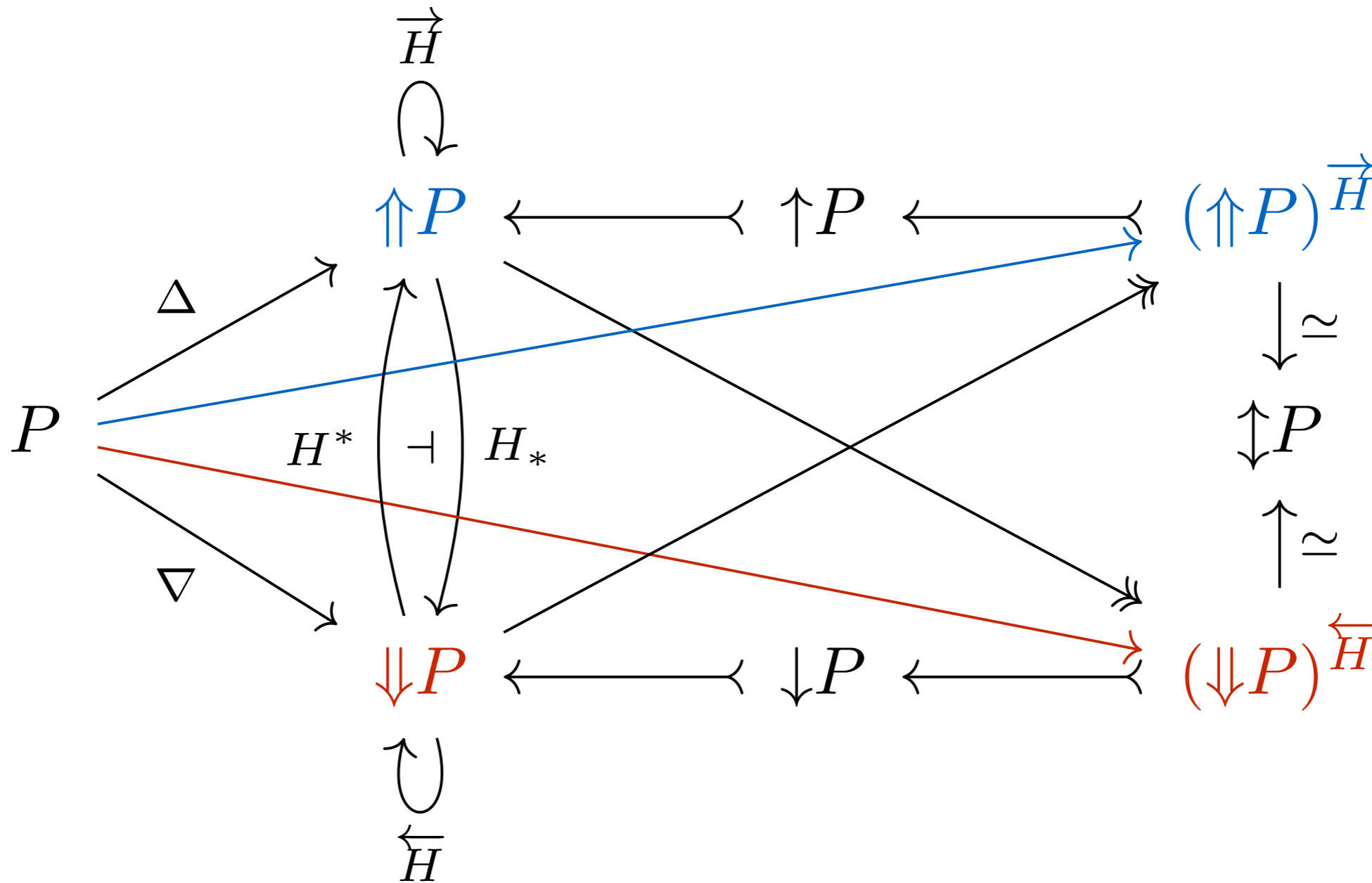
# Theorems

- $(\Downarrow \mathbb{C})^{\overleftarrow{H}}$  is the free  $\overrightarrow{\text{lim}}$ -completion of  $\mathbb{C}$ .
- $\mathbb{C} \rightarrow (\Downarrow \mathbb{C})^{\overleftarrow{H}}$  is  $\overleftarrow{\text{lim}}$ - and  $\overrightarrow{\text{lim}}$ -preserving.

# Example: Completing Groups



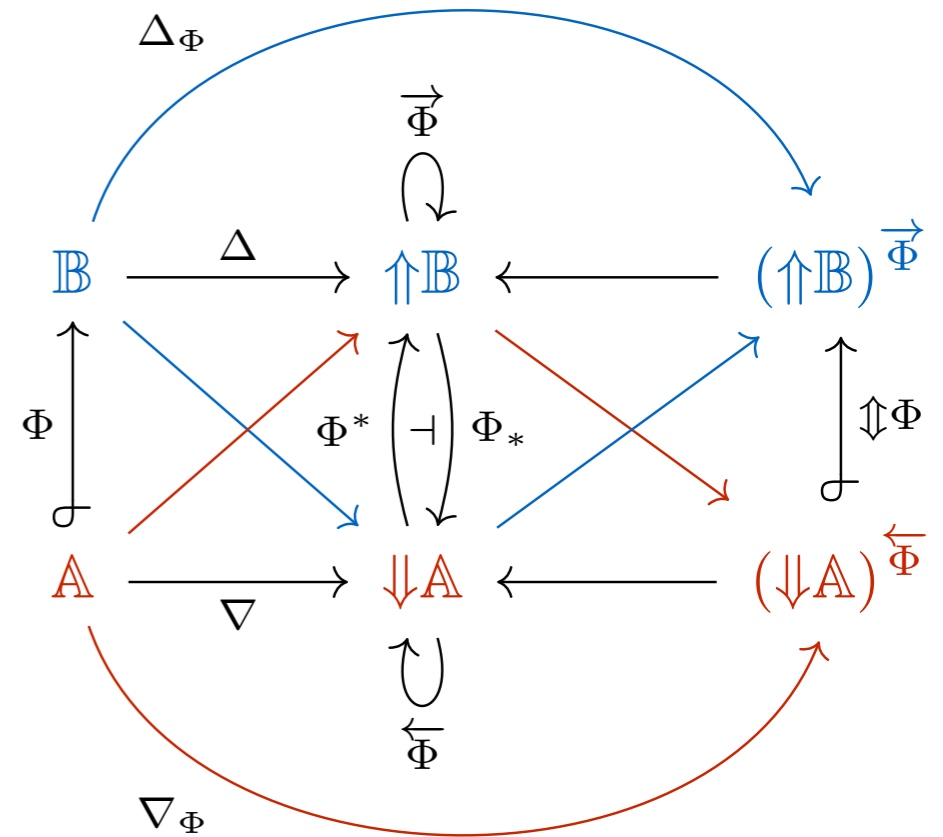
# Example: Completing Posets





# Summary

- Algebras, instead of fixed points
- Factorization (future work)
- Add limits inferior
  - Not always limits superior
- Minimality (future work)



# References

- Isbell, John R. "Small subcategories and completeness." *Theory of Computing Systems* 2.1 (1968): 27-50.
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